Featuring

• Between the Two World Wars
  Volume 2 of Selected Writings of Ludwig von Mises

• The Principles of Moral and Political Philosophy

• The Political Writings of William Penn

• The Ideal Element in Law

and over 10 additional new titles
NEW TITLES COMING SOON FROM LIBERTY FUND

Justice and Its Surroundings  August 2002  1
Between the Two World Wars: Monetary Disorder, Interventionism, Socialism, and the Great Depression  October 2002  30
The Whole Duty of Man According to the Law of Nature  November 2002  3
Index to the Works of Adam Smith  November 2002  27
An Essay on the Nature and Conduct of the Passions and Affections, with Illustrations on the Moral Sense  December 2002  2
The Principles of Moral and Political Philosophy  December 2002  35

NEW VIDEOTAPE COMING SOON FROM LIBERTY FUND

Ralph McInerny  June 2002  26

ABOUT LIBERTY FUND

Liberty Fund, Inc. is a private educational foundation established in 1960 to encourage study of the ideal of a society of free and responsible individuals. Among Liberty Fund’s activities is the publication of new, authoritative editions of important books that contribute to this mission. Each Liberty Fund book will reward any general reader’s attention; each is a landmark work in its field.

Liberty Fund books are not only beautifully produced, but are priced to ensure their availability to all serious readers. Most titles explore some aspect of the interrelationship of liberty and responsibility in individual life, society, governance, or economics. The reading experience itself is further enhanced by Liberty Fund’s devotion to rigorous standards of scholarship.

Liberty Fund books can be found in many personal and academic libraries around the world and have been adopted for classroom use by thousands of colleges and universities.

The cuneiform inscription that serves as our logo and as a design element in Liberty Fund books is the earliest-known written appearance of the word “freedom” (amagi), or “liberty.” It is taken from a clay document written about 2300 B.C. in the Sumerian city-state of Lagash.

CONTENTS

Introducing the Amagi Imprint  1
Natural Law and Enlightenment Classics Series  2
Law  5
American Founding and Constitution  8
American History  15
European History  17
Video and Audio Tapes  24
The Glasgow Edition of the Works and Correspondence of Adam Smith  27
Economics  30
Education  34
Modern Political Philosophy  35
Backlist Titles  51
Index  52

Liberty Fund Sales Information

Our editorial, staff, and customer service offices are located at:

Liberty Fund, Inc.
8335 Allison Pointe Trail, #300
Indianapolis, IN 46250-1684

To Order:
Call: Toll Free 1-800-955-8335
Fax: 1-317-579-6060
Email: books@libertyfund.org
Web: www.libertyfund.org

Hours: 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. Monday – Friday

Payment:
Liberty Fund accepts purchase orders, credit cards (VISA, MasterCard, Discover or American Express), or checks for orders received in the mail. Phone orders must prepay using credit card, except for college bookstores or libraries with established credit. Purchase orders must be either faxed or mailed, and accompanied by an order form. Online orders must prepay by credit card.

Examination Copies:
Please submit exam copy requests on departmental letterhead to Liberty Fund, Inc., Attn.: Order Dept., 8335 Allison Pointe Trail, #300, Indianapolis, IN 46250-1684.

The Liberty Fund Quality Guarantee:
Your satisfaction is our top priority. Every purchase you make from Liberty Fund comes with our 30-day guarantee of quality satisfaction. If for any reason you are not completely satisfied, simply return the book(s) in salable condition and a copy of your invoice to us within 30 days and your invoice will be credited or your payment refunded.
JUSTICE AND ITS SURROUNDINGS

By Anthony de Jasay

“Social philosophers, of all varieties, will find their preconceptions challenged here. Anthony de Jasay does, indeed, look at justice and its surroundings ‘through a different window.’ And his totally original arguments prompt urges to respond, even as frustration is anticipated. Can any of the several conventional wisdoms survive the provocative criticism that this book offers?”

— James M. Buchanan, April 2002

Author of The State, Anthony de Jasay, has been described as one of the few genuinely original minds in modern political philosophy. He breaks new ground with Justice and Its Surroundings — a new collection of trenchant essays that seek to redefine the concept of justice and to highlight the frontier between it and the surrounding issues that encroach upon it and are mistakenly associated with it.

Justice and Its Surroundings discusses rival notions which treat justice “as something else” — as fairness, equality, or moral intuition. Jasay states, “Theories of justice inspired by the idea that its function is to rectify the way of the world by redistributing the good and bad things that happen to make up people's lots tend to be intellectually weak and vulnerable to the weapon of logic.” Jasay's chosen mission is to promote clear reasoning rather than plead for a good cause.

This straightforward and terse book analyzes the roles of collective choice, redistribution, and socialism and the claims that would enlist justice in their service. The issue of whether state authority is necessary, convenient, or neither, and the primacy of convention and contract are among the pivotal questions Jasay poses. He concludes by analyzing notions of freedom and making a clear distinction between freedoms and rights.

AN ESSAY ON THE NATURE AND CONDUCT OF THE PASSIONS AND AFFECTIONS, WITH ILLUSTRATIONS ON THE MORAL SENSE

By Francis Hutcheson
Edited and with an Introduction by Aaron Garrett

Francis Hutcheson is considered by many scholars of philosophy to be the father of the Scottish Enlightenment. He was influential in defining the modern social, political, economic, and institutional world. Despite his influence, he has been widely forgotten, until now.

This considerable volume in Hutcheson's vast work addresses the nature of human nature. In the great tradition of Enlightenment thinkers before and after him, Hutcheson is here engaged in a process of defining terms on which social, political, and economic liberty could be justified in light of centuries of rule by various tyrants and monarchs.

As editor Aaron Garrett notes, “In the Essay Hutcheson provides his crucial argument against Hobbes and Mandeville, that not just egoistic self preservation, but also benevolence, is an essential feature of human nature.”

Professor Garrett has constructed a critical variorum edition of this great work. As there are no manuscripts of the work, this could be done only by comparing all extant lifetime editions. In the case of Hutcheson's Essay, three such editions exist: those of 1728, 1730, and 1742.

The result is a volume that reaches the highest academic and scholarly standards and at the same time presents Hutcheson's compelling text in its most authoritative form, making it available to a wider audience than ever before.

Aaron Garrett teaches philosophy at Boston University. He has written on Locke, Spinoza, Hume, and Hutcheson. He is the author of a chapter on anthropology in the Cambridge Companion to the Scottish Enlightenment and a chapter on human nature in the Cambridge History of Eighteenth-Century Philosophy (forthcoming).

Knud Haakonssen is Professor of Philosophy at Boston University. He has edited the works of Thomas Reid, David Hume, and Adam Smith for Princeton, Cambridge, and Edinburgh University Presses. His books include Natural Law and Moral Philosophy, Enlightenment and Religion, and the forthcoming Cambridge Companion to Adam Smith (all Cambridge University Press).

The Natural Law and Enlightenment Classics Series restores important works of early modern natural law and crucial moral, political, and legal works of the Enlightenment to the general reading public and academics.
THE WHOLE DUTY OF MAN ACCORDING TO THE LAW OF NATURE

By Samuel Pufendorf
Translated by Andrew Tooke, 1691
Edited and with an Introduction by Ian Hunter and David Saunders
Two Discourses and a Commentary by Jean Barbeyrac (translated by David Saunders)

This new scholarly edition of Samuel Pufendorf’s seminal *The Whole Duty of Man According to the Law of Nature* is among the first to suggest a purely conventional basis for natural law.

Pufendorf wrote this work to make his insights accessible to a wide range of readers, especially university students, who were struggling with issues of church and state. Although indebted to Hobbes and Grotius, the work outlines a new understanding of ethics and politics, one suited to states that were emerging from the aftermath of religious civil war.

Ian Hunter is a Professor of Humanities and Australian Research Council Senior Fellow in the School of Humanities at Griffith University.

David Saunders is Professor in the Faculty of Arts at Griffith University. He is the author of several books and articles dealing with the history of legal thought and institution.

OF THE NATURE AND QUALIFICATION OF RELIGION IN REFERENCE TO CIVIL SOCIETY

By Samuel Pufendorf
Translated by Jodocus Crull
Edited and with an Introduction by Simone Zurbuchen

Pufendorf’s 1687 book eloquently sets forth the new doctrine of separation of politics and religion. In response to the revocation of the Edict of Nantes by Louis XIV, Pufendorf contests the right of the sovereign to control the religion of his subjects: state and religion pursue wholly different ends.

THE DIVINE FEUDAL LAW: OR, COVENANTS WITH MANKIND, REPRESENTED

By Samuel Pufendorf
Translated by Theophilus Dorrington
Edited and with an Introduction by Simone Zurbuchen

Originally published posthumously in 1695, *The Divine Feudal Law* sets forth Pufendorf’s basis for the reunion of the Lutheran and Calvinist confessions. This attempt to seek a “conciliation” between the confessions complements the concept of toleration discussed in *Of the Nature and Qualification of Religion*. In both, Pufendorf examines how to secure the peaceful coexistence of different confessions in a state.

Hardcover. ISBN 0-86597-374-1. $20.00.

Introduction, selected bibliography, notes, index.

Introduction, selected bibliography, notes, index.

To order, call 1-317-842-0880 or 1-800-955-8335.
AN ELEGANT AND LEARNED DISCOURSE OF THE LIGHT OF NATURE

By Nathaniel Culverwell
Edited by Robert A. Greene and Hugh MacCallum
Foreword by Robert A. Greene

These sermons by Nathaniel Culverwell, a significant and influential moral theologian of the seventeenth century, were delivered in 1645–46 at the chapel of Emmanuel College of Cambridge University. The sermons, which examine the relationship between reason and faith, form one of the first attempts in English Protestantism to stress the role of reason in ethics and to develop a doctrine of natural law.

Culverwell represents a crucial intersection in the discussion of reason and faith. While providing a link between the Calvinist dependence on faith and grace and the Enlightenment dependence on reason and humanism, Culverwell’s Discourse is a picture of the world on the brink of the Enlightenment.

This Discourse was crucial to the development of a theoretical grounding for individual challenges to established authorities, both political and ecclesiastical, and thus to the development of modern theories of liberty and responsibility.

Nathaniel Culverwell (1619–51) was only 31 years old at his death, yet had spent over half his life in Emmanuel College of Cambridge University, a college then described as a “seminary for Puritans.” His colleague William Dillingham edited An Elegant and Learned Discourse of the Light of Nature, which was published posthumously in 1652.

Robert A. Greene received an M.A. from Boston College and a Ph.D. from Harvard University. He taught for many years at the University of Toronto, and he now teaches at the University of Massachusetts at Boston in the English Department.

Hugh MacCallum received his Ph.D. from the University of Toronto, taught for many years at that college and at the University College, and is now professor emeritus in English.

NEW

NATURAL RIGHTS ON THE THRESHOLD OF THE SCOTTISH ENLIGHTENMENT

The Writings of Gershom Carmichael

Edited by James Moore and Michael Silverthorne

Gershom Carmichael was a teacher and writer who played an important role in the Scottish enlightenment of the eighteenth century. His philosophy focused on the natural rights of individuals—the natural right to defend oneself, to own the property on which one has labored, and to services contracted for with others. Carmichael argued that slavery is incompatible with the rights of men and citizens, and he believed that subjects have the right to resist rulers who exceed the limits of their powers.

Although he appealed to the authority of Grotius and Locke, the grounds on which he defended natural rights were distinctively his own. He drew upon the Reformed or Presbyterian theology to propose that, in respecting the natural rights of individuals, one shows one’s reverence for God’s creation. Inasmuch as all of mankind longs for lasting happiness, which can be found only in worship of or reverence for God, such reverence is the natural law which obliges all to respect the rights of all.

To order, call 1-317-842-0880 or 1-800-955-8335.
THE IDEAL ELEMENT IN LAW
By Roscoe Pound
Foreword by Stephen Presser

Roscoe Pound, former dean of Harvard Law School, delivered a series of lectures at the University of Calcutta in 1948. In these lectures, he criticized virtually every modern mode of interpreting the law because he believed the administration of justice had lost its grounding and recourse to enduring ideals.

Now available in the U.S. for the first time, Pound’s lectures are collected in Liberty Fund’s *The Ideal Element in Law*, Pound’s most important contribution to the relationship between law and liberty.

*The Ideal Element in Law* was a radical book for its time and is just as meaningful today as when Pound’s lectures were first delivered. Pound’s view of the welfare state as a means of expanding government power over the individual speaks to the front-page issues of the new millennium as clearly as it did to America in the mid-twentieth century.

Pound argues that the theme of justice grounded in enduring ideals is critical for America. He views American courts as relying on sociological theories, political ends, or other objectives, and in so doing, divorcing the practice of law from the rule of law and the rule of law from the enduring ideal of law itself.

Roscoe Pound, considered by many to be the Dean of American jurisprudence, served as Dean of Harvard Law School from 1916 to 1936. A former Justice of the Supreme Court of Nebraska, he is widely recognized as one of the most important legal minds of the early twentieth century.

THE SELECTED WRITINGS OF SIR EDWARD COKE
In Two Volumes
Edited by Steve Sheppard

The *Selected Writings of Sir Edward Coke* contains the most important works of the great English jurist-politician whose reports and treatises provide the modern foundation for the common law and were the basis both of the legal education of the Founders of the American republic and of the American understanding of the rule of law.

The new Liberty Fund edition includes not only selections from the four volumes of the Institutes and cases from the Reports, but also several of Coke’s speeches in Parliament, Coke’s opinions from the bench, and opinions of Coke as recorded by others from official cases and court records. Taken together, these writings delineate the origin and nature of English law and indicate the profound interrelationship in the English tradition of custom, common law, authority (of both Crown and Commons), and individual liberty.

Sir Edward Coke (1552-1634), whose famous writings on English law have powerfully influenced lawyers, judges, and politicians into the contemporary era, began his career as a lawyer and went on to become a member of Parliament and speaker of the House of Commons, recorder of London, solicitor general, attorney general, and chief justice of the Court of Common Pleas and then of the King’s Bench.

To order, call 1-317-842-0880 or 1-800-955-8335.
THE NATURAL LAW
A Study in Legal and Social History and Philosophy

By Heinrich A. Rommen
Translated by Thomas R. Hanley
Introduction by Russell Hittinger

Originally published in German in 1936, *The Natural Law* is the first work to clarify the differences between traditional natural law as represented in the writings of Cicero, Aquinas, and Hooker and the revolutionary doctrines of natural rights espoused by Hobbes, Locke, and Rousseau. Beginning with the legacies of Greek and Roman life and thought, Rommen traces the natural law tradition to its displacement by legal positivism and concludes with “the reappearance” of natural law thought in more recent times. In seven chapters each, Rommen explores “The History of the Idea of Natural Law” and “The Philosophy and Content of the Natural Law.”

Heinrich A. Rommen (1897–1967) taught in Germany and England before concluding his distinguished scholarly career at Georgetown University.

Russell Hittinger is Professor of Philosophy and Law at the University of Tulsa.

ORIGINS OF THE COMMON LAW

By Arthur R. Hogue

“The book has an important function for which it does not have any real competition. It deals with the development of the English Common Law on a level which is accessible. . . . It is well written and reliable.”

—R. H. Helmholz, University of Chicago

This introductory analysis of the origin and early development of the English common law provides an excellent grounding for the beginning student as well as the experienced scholar for the study of legal history. Between 1154, when Henry II became king, and 1307, when Edward I died, the common law underwent spectacular growth.

Arthur R. Hogue (1906–1986) was Professor of History at Indiana University.

THE STORY OF LAW
Expanded Second Edition

By John M. Zane
Foreword, Annotations, and Bibliographies by Charles J. Reid, Jr.

Written for the layman as well as the attorney, *The Story of Law* is the only complete outline history of the law ever published. *The Story of Law* has well been termed “the perfect book for introducing the beginning law student to the origin and history of the law.” John M. Zane lucidly describes the growth and improvement of the law over thousands of years, and he points out that an increasing awareness of the individual as a person who is responsible for decision and action gradually transformed the law. A forty-page “Selected Bibliography on Legal History” that will be of enormous interest to academics, students, practicing attorneys, and general readers alike is included.

John M. Zane (1863–1937) was a distinguished attorney.

Charles J. Reid, Jr., is Professor of Law at Emory University School of Law, Atlanta, Georgia.

To order, call 1-317-842-0880 or 1-800-955-8335.
CONSTITUTIONALISM AND THE SEPARATION OF POWERS
Second Edition
By M. J. C. Vile

Arguably no political principle has been more central than the separation of powers to the evolution of constitutional governance in Western democracies. M. J. C. Vile traces the history of the doctrine from its rise during the English Civil War, through its development in the eighteenth century—through subsequent political thought and constitution-making in Britain, France, and the United States.

M. J. C. Vile is Professor of Politics at the University of Kent at Canterbury and author of The Structure of American Federalism.

FREEDOM AND THE LAW
Expanded Third Edition
By Bruno Leoni
Foreword by Arthur Kemp

According to Bruno Leoni, the greatest obstacle to rule of law in our time is the problem of overlegislation. In modern democratic societies, legislative bodies increasingly usurp functions that were, and should be, exercised by individuals or groups rather than government.

Bruno Leoni (1913–1967) was an attorney and Professor of Legal Theory and the Theory of the State at the University of Pavia, Italy.

GOVERNMENT BY JUDICIARY
The Transformation of the Fourteenth Amendment
Second Edition
By Raoul Berger
Foreword by Forrest McDonald

It is Berger’s theory that the United States Supreme Court has embarked on “a continuing revision of the Constitution, under the guise of interpretation,” thereby subverting America’s democratic institutions and wreaking havoc upon Americans’ social and political lives.

Raoul Berger was Charles Warren Senior Fellow in American Legal History, Harvard University.

Introduction to the Study of THE LAW OF THE CONSTITUTION
By A. V. Dicey
Foreword by Roger E. Michener

A starting point for the study of the English Constitution and comparative constitutional law, The Law of the Constitution elucidates the guiding principles of the modern constitution of England: the legislative sovereignty of Parliament, the rule of law, and the binding force of unwritten conventions.

A. V. Dicey (1835–1922) was Vinerian Professor of English Law at Oxford University from 1882 to 1909.

1998. 6 x 9. 467 pages.
Preface to the second edition, epilogue, bibliography, index.

Foreword, index.

Foreword, preface to the second edition, introduction, bibliography, bibliography of Raoul Berger’s writings, index.

1982. 6¼ x 9¼. 585 pages.
Foreword, index.
THE AMERICAN REPUBLIC
Primary Sources
Edited by Bruce Frohnen

Many reference works offer compilations of critical documents covering individual liberty, local autonomy, constitutional order, and other issues that helped to shape the American political tradition. Yet few of these works are available in a form suitable for classroom use, and traditional textbooks give short shrift to these important issues.

The American Republic overcomes that knowledge gap by providing, in a single volume, critical, original documents revealing the character of American discourse on the nature and importance of local government, the purposes of federal union, and the role of religion and tradition in forming America’s drive for liberty.

These readings, along with explanatory notes to help readers understand the background and context of each document, represent opposite sides of important debates and clarify such concepts as American independence, religious establishment, and slavery. By presenting the perspectives of America’s varied traditions, this volume helps students learn how they might judge the strengths and weaknesses of the conflicting visions that have shaped American history.

The American Republic is divided into nine sections, each illustrating major philosophical, cultural, and policy positions at issue during crucial eras of American development. Readers will find documentary evidence of the purposes behind European settlement, American response to English acts, the pervasive role of religion in early American public life, and perspectives in the debate over independence.

Subsequent chapters examine the roots of American constitutionalism, Federalist and Anti-Federalist arguments concerning the need to protect common law rights, and the debates over whether the states or the federal government held final authority in determining the course of public policy in America. Also included are the discussions regarding disagreements over internal improvements and other federal measures aimed at binding the nation, particularly in the area of commerce.

The final section focuses on the political, cultural, and legal issues leading to the Civil War. Arguments and attempted compromises regarding slavery, along with laws that helped shape slavery, are highlighted. The volume ends with the prelude to the Civil War, a natural stopping-off point for studies of early American history.

By bringing together key original documents and other writings that explain cultural, religious, and historical concerns, this volume gives students, teachers, and general readers an effective way to begin examining the diversity of issues and influences that characterize American history.

The result unquestionably leads to a deeper and more thorough understanding of America’s political, institutional, and cultural continuity and change.

Bruce Frohnen is assistant professor of law at the Ave Maria School of Law in Ann Arbor, Michigan. His articles have appeared in numerous law reviews and political science journals, and he is author of The New Communitarians and the Crisis of Modern Liberalism (1996) and Virtue and the Promise of Conservatism: The Legacy of Burke and Tocqueville (1993).
THE FEDERALIST
The Gideon Edition
Edited by George W. Carey and James McClellan
“A high-quality, scholarly edition for a great price.”
—Library Journal, October 2001

Written and published in newspapers in 1787 and 1788 to explain and promote ratification of the proposed Constitution for the United States, which were then bound by the Articles of Confederation, The Federalist remains of singular importance to students of liberty around the world. Liberty Fund presents the Gideon Edition of The Federalist, published in 1818, which includes the responses prepared by Madison to the previously published McLean edition of 1810, which presented The Federalist texts as corrected by Hamilton, but not by Madison. The Liberty Fund edition also includes a new introduction, notes to The Federalist, a glossary, and the entirety of the Articles of Confederation, the Declaration of Independence, and the United States Constitution. Adjoining the text of the Constitution are cross-references linking provisions of the Constitution to the pertinent passages in The Federalist that address the specific term, phrase, section, or article within the Constitution.

THE REVOLUTIONARY WRITINGS OF JOHN ADAMS
Selected and with a Foreword by C. Bradley Thompson

The Revolutionary Writings of John Adams presents the principal shorter writings in which Adams addresses the prospect of revolution and the form of government proper to the new United States.

This collection illustrates that it was Adams who, before the Revolution, wrote some of the most important documents on the nature of the British Constitution and the meaning of rights, sovereignty, representation, and obligation. Adams wrote equally important works on possible forms of government in a quest to develop a science of politics for the construction of a constitution for the proposed republic.

THE SPUR OF FAME
Dialogues of John Adams and Benjamin Rush, 1805-1813
Edited by John A. Schutz and Douglass Adair

John Adams and Benjamin Rush met in 1774 as members of the Continental Congress—Adams from Massachusetts, Rush from Pennsylvania. In 1805, after Adams was defeated in his quest of a second term as the new republic’s second President, the two men self-consciously commenced an exchange of letters. Their recurring subject was fame. This emphasis on fame was crucial, Adams and Rush believed, because on the fame attached to individual leaders of the Revolutionary generation would depend the view of the Revolution and of the Constitution and republican government that would be embraced by generations to come, including our own.

The Liberty Fund edition of The Spur of Fame reproduces a text originally published by the Huntington Library.
A triumph of primary-source research, *The Founders’ Constitution* is a brilliant five-volume series that presents “extracts from all the leading works of political theory, history, law, and constitutional argument on which the Framers and their contemporaries drew and which they themselves produced.”

The documentary sources and inspirations of *The Founders’ Constitution* reach to the early seventeenth century and extend through those Amendments to the Constitution that were adopted by 1835—that is, through the end of the era of Chief Justice John Marshall of the United States Supreme Court.

Originally published by the University of Chicago Press to commemorate the bicentennial of the United States Constitution, *The Founders’ Constitution* is arguably the most important of all resources on the principles of the Framers of the American republic.

In cooperation with the University of Chicago Press, Liberty Fund has prepared a new online edition of the entire work at http://www.press-pubs.uchicago.edu/founders/.

The five volumes are

- Volume 1: Major Themes
- Volume 2: The Preamble Through Article 1, Section 8, Clause 4
- Volume 3: Article 1, Section 8, Clause 5, Through Article 2, Section 1
- Volume 4: Article 2, Section 2, Through Article 7
- Volume 5: Amendments I Through XII

**Philip B. Kurland** was the William R. Kenan, Jr., Distinguished Service Professor in the College and Professor in the Law School, University of Chicago.

**Ralph Lerner** is the Benjamin Franklin Professor in the College and Professor in the Committee on Social Thought, University of Chicago.

Detailed table of contents at start of each chapter.

Primary sources, generally in full, in original (not edited) form.
THE WEBSTER-HAYNE DEBATE
ON THE NATURE OF THE UNION

Introduction by Herman Belz

The debates between Daniel Webster of Massachusetts and Robert Hayne of South Carolina gave fateful utterance to the differing understandings of the nature of the American Union that had come to pre-dominate in the North and the South by 1830. To Webster, the Union was the indivisible expression of one nation of people. To Hayne, the Union was the voluntary compact among sovereign states. Their respective views framed the political conflicts that culminated in war between advocates of Union and champions of Confederacy. The Webster-Hayne Debate consists of speeches delivered in the United States Senate in January of 1830. Together, these speeches represent every major perspective on “the nature of the Union” in the early nineteenth century.

Herman Belz is Professor of History at the University of Maryland.

AN ESSAY ON THE LIFE OF THE HONOURABLE MAJOR-GENERAL ISRAEL PUTNAM

By David Humphreys
Foreword by William C. Dowling

General Israel Putnam is remembered to history and legend as exclaiming to the American soldiers at the Battle of Bunker Hill, “Don’t fire til you see the whites of their eyes!” As Dowling notes, “All the episodes are retold—Bunker Hill, the Battle of White Plains, the crossing of the Delaware, the Battle of Princeton—but from the perspective of one who was there throughout, and who always permits us to see Putnam as the sort of character by whom history is, in the last analysis, made.”

William C. Dowling is a Professor of English at Rutgers University.

LIBERTY, ORDER, AND JUSTICE

An Introduction to the Constitutional Principles of American Government
Revised Third Edition

By James McClellan

The Liberty Fund edition of James McClellan’s classic work on the quest for liberty, order, and justice in England and America includes the author’s revisions to the original edition published in 1989 by the Center for Judicial Studies.

Liberty, Order, and Justice seeks to familiarize the student with the basic principles of the Constitution, and to explain their origin, meaning, and purpose. Particular emphasis is placed on federalism and the separation of powers. These features of the book, together with its extensive and unique historical illustrations, make this new edition of Liberty, Order, and Justice especially suitable for introductory classes in American Government and for high school students in advanced placement courses.

James McClellan is James Bryce Visiting Fellow in American Studies at the Institute of United States Studies, University of London.

To order, call 1-317-842-0880 or 1-800-955-8335.
VIEW OF THE CONSTITUTION
OF THE UNITED STATES
With Selected Writings
By St. George Tucker
Foreword by Clyde N. Wilson

St. George Tucker’s View of the Constitution, published in 1803 was the first extended, systematic commentary on the United States Constitution after its ratification. Generations learned their Blackstone and their understanding of the Constitution through Tucker.

Clyde N. Wilson is Professor of History and editor of The Papers of John C. Calhoun at the University of South Carolina.

COLONIAL ORIGINS OF THE AMERICAN CONSTITUTION
A Documentary History
Edited and with an Introductory Essay by Donald S. Lutz

This landmark collection of eighty documents created by the American colonists—and not English officials—is the genesis of American fundamental law and constitutionalism. Included are all documents attempting to unite the colonies, beginning with the New England Confederation of 1643.

Donald S. Lutz is Professor of Political Science at the University of Houston.

EMPIRE AND NATION
Letters from a Farmer in Pennsylvania (John Dickinson)
Letters from the Federal Farmer (Richard Henry Lee)
Second Edition
Edited by Forrest McDonald

Two series of letters described as “the wellsprings of nearly all ensuing debate on the limits of governmental power in the United States” address the whole remarkable range of issues provoked by the crisis of British policies in North America out of which a new nation emerged from an overreaching empire.

E PLURIBUS UNUM
The Formation of the American Republic, 1776–1790
By Forrest McDonald


Having won independence from England, America faced a new question: Would this be politically one nation, or would it not? E Pluribus Unum is a spirited look at how that question came to be answered.

Forrest McDonald is Professor of History at the University of Alabama and author of States’ Rights and the Union.
AMERICAN FOUNDING AND CONSTITUTION

AMERICAN POLITICAL WRITING DURING THE FOUNDING ERA: 1760–1805
In Two Volumes
Edited by Charles S. Hyneman and Donald S. Lutz

A selection of essays, pamphlets, speeches, and letters to newspapers written between 1760 and 1805 by American political and religious leaders that illuminate the founding of the republic.

Charles S. Hyneman was Professor Emeritus of Political Science at Indiana University before his death in 1984. He was a past president of the American Political Science Association.

Donald S. Lutz is Professor of Political Science at the University of Houston.

IN DEFENSE OF THE CONSTITUTION
By George W. Carey

In Defense of the Constitution argues that modern disciples of Progressivism who subtly distort fundamental principles of the Constitution are determined to centralize political control in Washington, D.C., to achieve their goal of an egalitarian national society.

George W. Carey is Professor of Government at Georgetown University and editor of The Political Science Reviewer.

FRIENDS OF THE CONSTITUTION
Writings of the “Other” Federalists, 1787–1788
Edited by Colleen A. Sheehan and Gary L. McDowell

There were many writers other than John Jay, James Madison, and Alexander Hamilton who, in 1787 and 1788, argued for the Constitution’s ratification. In a collection central to our understanding of the American founding, Friends of the Constitution brings together forty-nine of the most important of these “other” Federalists’ writings.

Colleen A. Sheehan is Professor of Political Science at Villanova University.

Gary L. McDowell is Director of the Institute of United States Studies, University of London.

FA M E AND THE FOUNDING FATHERS
Essays by Douglass Adair
Edited by Trevor Colbourn

The fifteen articles, essays, notes, and documents gathered in this collection showcase Adair’s “extraordinary ability to enter empathetically into the experience and ideology of the Founding Fathers while at the same time writing about them critically and movingly.”

Douglass Adair (1912–1968) was a Professor of History and editor of the William and Mary Quarterly.

Trevor Colbourn is President Emeritus at the University of Central Florida.

To order, call 1-317-842-0880 or 1-800-955-8335.
WORKS OF FISHER AMES
As Published by Seth Ames
In Two Volumes
Edited and Enlarged by W. B. Allen

Fisher Ames was a leading New England Federalist and sublime critic of Jacobin Democracy and the French Revolution, active in public life from 1787 through 1807. His witty, often brilliant, letters, speeches, and essays offer a sustained defense of conservative principles and insight into the Federalist theory of government.

THE AMERICAN COMMONWEALTH
In Two Volumes
By James Bryce
Introduction by Gary L. McDowell

In Democracy in America (1835) the Frenchman Alexis de Tocqueville interpreted American society through the lens of democratic political theory. A half-century later the Scotsman James Bryce examined “the institutions and the people of America as they are” and presented his findings in The American Commonwealth.

James Bryce (1838–1922) was a British jurist, historian, and statesman. From 1907 to 1913 he was England’s ambassador to the United States.

THE LAMP OF EXPERIENCE
Whig History and the Intellectual Origins of the American Revolution
By Trevor Colbourn
“…a joy to read.” —Lucius F. Ellsworth

In a landmark work, a leading scholar of the eighteenth century uses diaries, personal correspondence, newspapers, and legislative records to examine the ways in which an understanding of the nature of history influenced the thinking of the founding fathers.

POLITICAL SERMONS OF THE AMERICAN FOUNDING ERA: 1730–1805
In Two Volumes
Edited by Ellis Sandoz

The early political culture of the American republic was so deeply influenced by the religious consciousness of the New England preachers that it was often through the political sermon that the political rhetoric of the period was formed, refined, and transmitted.

Political sermons such as the fifty-five collected in this work are unique to America, in both kind and significance, because they address the centrality of religious concerns in the lives of eighteenth-century Americans.

Ellis Sandoz is Professor of Political Science and Director of the Eric Voegelin Institute at Louisiana State University.
ORIGIN OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION: 1759–1766

By Bernhard Knollenberg

Edited and with a Foreword by Bernard W. Sheehan

Orign of the American Revolution is the first of Bernhard Knollenberg's two-part history concerning the basis of the conflict between England and its North American colonies from 1759 to 1766.

This compact narrative history, written more than a generation ago, has been widely unavailable, until now. Liberty Fund has made this rich historical treasure available once again to an eager audience of scholars, students, and interested lay readers.

In this first volume, Origin of the American Revolution, Knollenberg knits together the most important and coincident prerequisite conditions that made the colonial break with England inevitable. The book is in great measure a work of imperial history, in that it views the advent of the American Revolution within the context of the first British Empire. In this context, Knollenberg views the movement toward independence as the failure of the British to solve the problem of empire.

Although Knollenberg does not primarily deal with intellectual history, he describes the basic divergence in political principles between England and its North American colonies. In keeping with the style of the time in which he wrote, Knollenberg stresses politics and economics over social and cultural history.

Origin of the American Revolution provides a concise treatment of a time period crucial to the making of the American nation. Knollenberg is one of the first historians to move the Anglo-American dispute back in time, and his work throughout is deeply researched and clearly and engagingly written.

Bernhard Knollenberg practiced law for twenty-two years in New York City before leaving to direct the Yale University Library in 1938. He was the senior deputy administrator of the United States Lend-Lease Administration in Washington, D.C., and later a Division Deputy in the O.S.S., during World War II. Thereafter, he dedicated his time to historical research and writing about the American Revolution. He is also the author of Washington and the Revolution; Pioneering Sketches of the Upper Whitewater Valley: Quaker Stronghold of the West; and Franklin, Jonathan Williams, and William Pitt. Bernhard Knollenberg died in 1973.
THE LIFE OF GEORGE WASHINGTON
Special Edition for Schools

By John Marshall, Third Chief Justice of the United States
Edited by Robert Faulkner and Paul Carrese

Used throughout the first half of the nineteenth century in schools and colleges, John Marshall’s own abridgement of his monumental five-volume biography of George Washington is now available in a Liberty Fund edition that once again brings the spirit of George Washington alive in America’s classrooms.

Robert Faulkner is a Professor of Political Science at Boston College.
Paul Carrese is an Associate Professor of Political Science at the United States Air Force Academy.

GEORGE WASHINGTON
A Collection

Compiled and Edited by W. B. Allen

George Washington speaks for himself on behalf of liberty and the emerging American republic in this handsome book, the only one-volume compilation in print of his vast writings.

This volume includes correspondence, all of his presidential addresses, various public proclamations, his last will and testament, and the most comprehensive recompilation of the “discarded first inaugural” ever printed.

W. B. Allen is affiliated with the Political Science Department at Michigan State University.

HISTORY OF THE RISE, PROGRESS, AND TERMINATION OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION
Interspersed with Biographical, Political, and Moral Observations In Two Volumes

By Mercy Otis Warren
Edited and Annotated by Lester H. Cohen

Mercy Otis Warren has been described as perhaps the most formidable female intellectual in eighteenth-century America. This work (in the first new edition since 1805) is an exciting and comprehensive study of the events of the American Revolution, from the Stamp Act Crisis of 1765 through the ratification of the Constitution in 1788–1789.

HISTORY OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION
In Two Volumes

By David Ramsay
Edited and Annotated by Lester H. Cohen

David Ramsay’s History of the American Revolution appeared in 1789 during an enthusiastic celebration of nationhood. It is the first American national history written by an American revolutionary and printed in America.

This is the first new modern edition of the work.

Lester H. Cohen taught history and American Studies at Purdue University.

To order, call 1-317-842-0880 or 1-800-955-8335.
THE FRENCH REVOLUTION
In Three Volumes
By Hippolyte Taine
Translated by John Durand
Introduction by Mona Ozouf

Hippolyte Taine’s *The French Revolution*, which is written from the viewpoint of conservative French opinion, is a unique and important contribution to revolutionary historiography. Taine condemns the radicals of the French Revolution, unhesitatingly contradicting the rosy, Rousseau-esque view of the Revolution.

Taine approached the Revolution in the same way that a medical doctor approaches a disease. Indeed, he described his work not so much as a history as a “pathology” of the Revolution. His method constitutes his principal contribution to study of the subject. This method began with an examination, not of the French, but of the English. As Professor Mona Ozouf observes, Taine “maintained [that] the history of the Revolution depended on the definition of the French spirit.” He had, in an earlier account of English literature, defined “a unique explanatory principle” for investigation of the contrasting societies of the French and the English. This principle among the English, he reported, is “the sense of liberty,” or what he described as the English conviction that “man, having conceived alone in his conscience and before God the rules of his conduct, is above all a free, moral person.” In contrast to the English ability to conserve and even to expand liberty through gradual adaptation to changing circumstances, Taine identified a “French spirit” that became, Ozouf emphasizes, “his central explanation of the French revolutionary phenomenon.” This phenomenon explained, Taine argued, why France “had demolished its national community well before the Revolution”—thus making the Revolution not only inevitable, but also inevitably terrible.

Hippolyte Taine (1828–1893) was a historian and philosopher who was one of the primary figures in French Positivism.

LECTURES ON THE FRENCH REVOLUTION
By John Emerich Edward Dalberg-Acton
Foreword by Stephen J. Tonsor

This collection of the lectures of Lord Acton on the French Revolution comprises a disciplined, thorough, and elegant history of the actual events of the bloody episode. It is as thorough a record as could be constructed in Acton’s time of the actions of the government of France during the Revolution.

Delivered at Cambridge University between 1895 and 1899, *Lectures on the French Revolution* is a distinguished account of the entire epochal chapter in French experience by one of the most remarkable English historians of the nineteenth century. In contrast to Burke a century before, Acton is not concerned with condemning the Revolution, but in providing an accurate history of its advent, its bloody action, and its aftermath.

There are twenty-two essays in the collection, commencing with “The Heralds of the Revolution,” in which Acton presents a taxonomy of the intellectual ferment that preceded and prepared the Revolution. An important appendix explores “The Literature of the Revolution,” offering assessments of the accounts of the Revolution written during the late eighteenth and nineteenth centuries by, among others, Burke, Guizot, and Taine.

Volume 1. Approx. 480 pages.
Introduction, prefaces, bibliography.
Volume 3. Approx. 688 pages.
Index.

To order, call 1-317-842-0880 or 1-800-955-8335.
THE HISTORY OF THE ORIGINS OF REPRESENTATIVE GOVERNMENT IN EUROPE

By François Guizot
Translated by Andrew R. Scoble
Introduction by Aurelian Craiutu

The French political philosopher and historian François Guizot (1787–1874) was one of the French Doctrinaires, thinkers who sought to avoid the interpretations of the Revolution advanced by either extreme of Left or Right. He argued that in order to understand the nature of political institutions it is necessary to study first the society, its composition, mores, and the relation between various classes. At the very center of his theory lies the principle of the sovereignty of reason.

Aurelian Craiutu, associate professor of political science at Indiana University, writes in the introduction: “A cursory look at the table of contents shows the originality of this unusual book: it combines lengthy narrative chapters full of historical details with theoretical chapters in which Guizot reflects on the principles, goals, and institutions of representative government.” The first part of the book covers the period from the fifth to the eleventh century and such topics as the “true” principles of representative government and the origin and consequences of the sovereignty of the people. The second part spans the Norman Conquest to the reign of the Tudors in England and analyzes the architecture of the English Constitutional monarchy.

THE LETTERS OF JACOB BURCKHARDT

Selected, Edited, and Translated by Alexander Dru
Foreword by Alberto Coll

As a rule, an author’s correspondence possesses only a secondary interest, but Jacob Burckhardt’s letters are of primary interest to students of history because of the nature of the man and of his major writings. It was in his letters, rather than in his lectures or longer works, that Burckhardt most directly addressed the currents of intellectual thought and social and political order—or disorder—of Europe in the nineteenth century.

Not only are the letters addressed to some of the most important thinkers of the time (Nietzsche, Burckhardt’s younger colleague at the University of Basel, among them), but also they address some of the most pressing issues and the most important personages of the era. As the translator notes, the “letters, written from 1838 to 1897, have a lightness of touch, an informality and humor, and a breadth of vision that make one realize why he was the most civilized historian of his century. Their contents range across a vast field of interests. Art, architecture, history, poetry, music, religion—all stirred him to contagious enthusiasm. His travels led him to Italy, Germany, France, and England, and to his letters we owe delightful and penetrating insights into the character of each country.”

Jacob Burckhardt (1818–1897) has been called “the most civilized historian of the nineteenth century,” and he was certainly one of the greatest historians of art and culture of his time. A professor at the University of Basel, Burckhardt was especially knowledgeable about the Renaissance, and his most notable work is The Civilization of the Renaissance in Italy.
JUDGMENTS ON HISTORY AND HISTORIANS
By Jacob Burckhardt
Translated by Harry Zohn
Foreword by Alberto R. Coll

Renowned for his Civilization of the Renaissance in Italy and Reflections on History (published by Liberty Fund), Jacob Burckhardt (1818–1897) has well been described as “the most civilized historian of the nineteenth century.” Judgments on History and Historians consists of records collected by Emil Durr from Burckhardt’s lecture notes for history courses at the University of Basel from 1865 to 1885. The 149 brief sections span five eras: Antiquity, the Middle Ages, History from 1450 to 1598, the History of the Seventeenth and Eighteenth Centuries, and the Age of Revolution.

Alberto R. Coll is a Professor of Strategy and Policy at the United States Naval War College, Newport, Rhode Island.

REFLECTIONS ON HISTORY
By Jacob Burckhardt
Introduction by Gottfried Dietze

Almost alone among nineteenth-century historians, Jacob Burckhardt saw the totalitarian direction that history could take. This book (first published in English in 1943 as Force and Freedom) is a guide to the study and comprehension of historical processes. Burckhardt makes a clear distinction between the state and the voluntary activities of society. He focuses on the nature and reciprocal interactions of the state, religion, and culture.

Gottfried Dietze is a Professor in the Political Science Department at Johns Hopkins University.

THE EVOLUTION OF CIVILIZATIONS
An Introduction to Historical Analysis
By Carroll Quigley
Foreword by Harry J. Hogan
Selective Bibliography by William Marina

“The only book that improves on and develops Toynbee’s work. . . . The very best work of its kind I have read in a very long time.”
—Crane Brinton, Harvard University

Carroll Quigley was a legendary teacher at the Georgetown School of Foreign Service. His course on the history of civilization was extraordinary in its scope and in its impact on his students. Like the course, The Evolution of Civilizations is a comprehensive and perceptive look at the factors behind the rise and fall of civilizations.

Quigley defines a civilization as “a producing society with an instrument of expansion.” A civilization’s decline is not inevitable but occurs when its instrument of expansion is transformed into an institution—that is, when social arrangements that meet real social needs are transformed into social institutions serving their own purposes regardless of real social needs.
SELECT WORKS OF EDMUND BURKE
A New Imprint of the Payne Edition
In Three Volumes, and
MISCELLANEOUS WRITINGS
Compiled and with a Foreword and Notes by Francis Canavan

This famed Payne edition of Select Works of Edmund Burke is universally revered by students of English history and political thought. Volume 1 contains Burke’s brilliant defense of the American colonists’ complaints of British policy, including “Thoughts on the Cause of the Present Discontents” (1770), “Speech on American Taxation” (1774), and “Speech on Conciliation” (1775). Volume 2 consists of Burke’s renowned Reflections on the Revolution in France. Volume 3 presents Burke’s Four Letters on the Proposals for Peace with the Regicide Directory of France—generally styled Letters on a Regicide Peace (1795–1796). The Letters, Payne believed, deserve to “rank even before [Burke’s] Reflections, and to be called the writer’s masterpiece.” Faithfully reproduced in each volume are E. J. Payne’s notes and introductory essays. Francis Canavan, one of the great Burke scholars of the twentieth century, has added forewords and a biographical note on Payne. In the companion volume, Canavan has collected seven of Burke’s major contributions to English political thinking on representation in Parliament, on economics, on the political oppression of the peoples of India and Ireland, and on the enslavement of African blacks. The volume concludes with a select bibliography on Edmund Burke.

Francis Canavan was for many years Professor of Government at Fordham University.

FURTHER REFLECTIONS ON THE REVOLUTION IN FRANCE
By Edmund Burke
Edited by Daniel E. Ritchie

“This anthology contains some of Burke’s most perceptive reflections on the historical origins and development of Western civilization, on the differences between revolution and reform, on international law, liberty, justice, order and constitutional government. . . .”

—Peter J. Stanlis, Rockford College

In his famous Reflections on the Revolution in France (1790), Edmund Burke exonerated French revolutionary leaders for recklessly destroying France’s venerable institutions and way of life. But his war against the French intelligentsia did not end there, and Burke continued to take pen in hand against the Jacobins until his death in 1797.

This collection brings together for the first time in unabridged form Burke’s writings on the French Revolution that anticipate, refine, and summarize the works in his famous Reflections on the Revolution in France. There are seven items in the collection. Taken together, they anticipate, refine, and embellish Burke’s Reflections. Included are “Letter to a Member of the National Assembly,” “Appeal from the New to the Old Whigs,” and “A Letter to a Noble Lord.” A foreword and headnotes to each selection point the reader to some of the key issues.

Daniel E. Ritchie is Professor of English Literature at Bethel College.

To order, call 1-317-842-0880 or 1-800-955-8335.
A HISTORICAL SKETCH OF LIBERTY AND EQUALITY

By Frederic William Maitland

**Historical Sketch of Liberty and Equality** is a window to one of the most important historians of all time.


A historian’s historian, F. W. Maitland was never to be caught indulging in fanciful speculation about times long past. Rather, he said, “We shall have to think away distinctions which seem to us as clear as the sunshine; we must think ourselves back into a twilight.” To achieve this discipline, Maitland chose his tools of historical analysis with a lawyer’s care. For example, to decipher works of medieval law written in Anglo-French patois, he became “grammarian, orthographer, and phoneticist.”

Thus did none other than Lord Acton declare Maitland to be “the ablest historian in England.” In 1875, at only twenty-five years of age, Maitland, in pursuit of a fellowship in Cambridge University, submitted a remarkable work entitled “A Historical Sketch of Liberty and Equality as Ideals of English Political History from the Time of Hobbes to the Time of Coleridge.”

Frederic William Maitland (1850–1906) was the Downing Professor of the Laws of England at the University of Cambridge and an unparalleled scholar of medieval law.

HISTORY AS THE STORY OF LIBERTY

By Benedetto Croce
Translated by Sylvia Sprigge
Foreword by Claes G. Ryn

Benedetto Croce (1866–1952), who is perhaps best known as the author in 1902 of *Aesthetics*, wrote *History as the Story of Liberty* in 1938, when the western world had succumbed to the notion that history is a creature of blind force.

A reviewer at the time noted the importance of Croce’s belief that “the central trend in the evolution of man is the unfolding of new potentialities, and that the task of the historian is to discover and emphasize this trend: the story of liberty.”

As Croce himself writes, “Even in the darkest and crassest times, liberty trembles in the lines of poets and affirms itself in the pages of thinkers, and burns, solitary and magnificent, in some men who cannot be assimilated by the world around them.”

The first edition in English of *History as the Story of Liberty* appeared in London in 1941. The new Liberty Fund edition includes modest improvements to the translation by Folke Leander and arranged by Claes Ryn.

Claes G. Ryn is Professor of Politics at the Catholic University of America.
THE CRISIS OF THE SEVENTEENTH CENTURY
Religion, the Reformation, and Social Change

By Hugh Trevor-Roper

The Crisis of the Seventeenth Century collects nine essays by Trevor-Roper on the themes of religion, the Reformation, and social change. The Civil War, the Restoration, and the Glorious Revolution in England laid the institutional and intellectual foundations of the modern understanding of liberty. Trevor-Roper’s essays uncover new pathways to understanding this seminal time.

In his longest essay, “The European Witch-craze of the Sixteenth and Seventeenth Centuries,” Trevor-Roper points out that “In England the most active phase of witch-hunting coincided with times of Puritan pressure—the reign of Queen Elizabeth and the period of the civil wars—and some very fanciful theories have been built on this coincidence. But . . . the persecution of witches in England was trivial compared with the experience of the Continent and of Scotland. Therefore . . . [one must examine] the craze as a whole, throughout Europe, and [seek] to relate its rise, frequency, and decline to the general intellectual and social movements of the time. . . .” Neither Catholic nor Protestant emerges unscathed from the examination to which Trevor-Roper subjects the era in which, from political and religious causes, the identification and extirpation of witches was a central event.


THE STRUGGLE FOR SOVEREIGNTY
Seventeenth-Century English Political Tracts
In Two Volumes

Edited by Joyce Lee Malcolm

For much of Europe the seventeenth century was, as it has been termed, an “Age of Absolutism” in which single rulers held tremendous power. Yet the English in the same century succeeded in limiting the power of their monarchs. The English Civil War in midcentury and the Glorious Revolution of 1688 were the culmination of a protracted struggle between kings eager to consolidate and even extend their power and subjects who were eager to identify and defend individual liberties. The source and nature of sovereignty was of course the central issue. Did sovereignty reside solely with the Crown—as claimed theorists of “the divine right”? Or did sovereignty reside in a combination of Crown and Parliament—or perhaps in only the House of Commons—or perhaps, again, in the common law, or even in “the people”? The political tracts written by the English peoples in the seventeenth century established enduring principles of governance and of liberty that benefited not only themselves but the founders of the American republic. These writings, by the renowned (Coke, Sidney, Shaftesbury) and the unremembered (“Anonymous”) therefore constitute an enduring contribution to the historical record of the rise of ordered liberty.

Joyce Lee Malcolm is Professor of History at Bentley College.
SELECTED WRITINGS OF LORD ACTON
In Three Volumes
By John Emerich Edward Dalberg-Acton
Edited by J. Rufus Fears

Lord Acton was among the most illustrious historians of nineteenth-century England, a man of great learning with a deep devotion to individual liberty and a profound understanding of history. Liberty Fund is proud to offer the most complete collection of Acton essays ever published.

Volume I: Essays in the History of Liberty
Included are his two famous essays on the history of freedom (“The History of Freedom in Antiquity” and “The History of Freedom in Christianity”) as are writings on the tradition of liberty in England, America, and Europe.

Volume II: Essays in the Study and Writing of History
Volume II brings together Acton’s distinguished writings on history. Included is his famous Inaugural Lecture at Cambridge, “The Study of History.”

Volume III: Essays in Religion, Politics, and Morality
Included are three important essays, “Human Sacrifice,” “George Eliot’s Life,” and “Buckle’s Philosophy of History.” Nearly two hundred pages of excerpts from Acton’s remarkable letters and unpublished notes are also included.

J. Rufus Fears has taught classical history at Indiana University, Boston University, and the University of Oklahoma.

THE HISTORY OF ENGLAND
From the Invasion of Julius Caesar to the Revolution in 1688
In Six Volumes
By David Hume
Foreword by William B. Todd

“Hume’s History deserves to be ranked with such works as Thucydides’ History of the Peloponnesian War and Gibbon’s Decline and Fall of the Roman Empire . . . The theme of liberty, above all others, gives continuity to Hume’s detailed examination of English constitutional development from the Anglo-Saxon period to the Revolution of 1688.”

—Eugene F. Miller, The Political Science Reviewer

David Hume’s great, enduring reputation in philosophy tends to obscure the fact that, among his contemporaries, his History of England was a more successful work.

The History covers almost 1,800 years. Hume saw English history as an evolution from a government of will to a government of law. Advanced in Hume’s masterly prose, this argument continues to make the History a valuable study for the modern reader.

This Liberty Fund edition is based on the edition of 1778, the last to contain corrections by Hume. The typography has been modernized for ease of reading. Hume’s own index to the entire work may be found at the conclusion of volume VI.

To order, call 1-317-842-0880 or 1-800-955-8335.
ADAM SMITH AND THE WEALTH OF NATIONS

In 1776, Adam Smith, the great Scottish economist and moral philosopher, published his classic work, An Inquiry into the Nature and Causes of the Wealth of Nations. This videotape traces the life, career, and basic beliefs of one of history's greatest thinkers. As such, it serves as an introduction to modern economics and the importance of free markets.

From his childhood in Scotland through his university days in Oxford and on to his academic career, the film examines the events and influences that made Adam Smith the father of economics. Students come to understand the central concepts that Smith presented in The Wealth of Nations, and they see how those concepts made our modern world possible.


THE INDUSTRIAL REVOLUTION: A PROGRAM IN THREE PARTS

The Industrial Revolution series focuses on England's transformation in the eighteenth and nineteenth centuries, which initiated a process of economic growth and social and political change that some call the greatest economic discontinuity in economic history.

Film 1: The Great Discontinuity identifies and defines the Industrial Revolution.

Film 2: Freedom Under the Law explains why the Industrial Revolution began in England in the eighteenth century—the economic, social, and historical factors that gave rise to our modern age.

Film 3: A Magnificent Century identifies the social, political, and economic effects of industrialization for the mass of the population.


HONG KONG

This video shows how the economic transformation of Hong Kong from a modest trading center to a modern industrial and free-trade economy (Prior to China's annexation) came about through a reliance on the market and economic liberty rather than on central planning through government direction.

This film takes an in-depth look at the economy of Hong Kong in its final days as a British colony. We see how this modest trading port was transformed into a modern industrial economy—not through central planning or government direction—but solely by reliance on the invisible hand of the market.


A DESIGN FOR LIBERTY: THE AMERICAN CONSTITUTION

This videotape, using pictures and quotations from the founding period of the United States, discusses the idea of liberty as it was understood by the revolutionary generation and how the concern for the preservation of liberty culminated in the writing of the Constitution in 1787. Visually, the movie brings the story to life and introduces the viewer to what eighteenth-century America looked like.


To place an order for videotapes, please call 1-317-842-0880 or 1-800-955-8335, or see page 6 of this catalog order form.
THE LEGACY OF FRIEDRICH VON HAYEK

This seven-volume lecture series sponsored by Liberty Fund and the Committee on Social Thought at the University of Chicago was created in celebration of the hundredth birthday of Friedrich von Hayek.

Seven of the world’s most eminent contemporary economists explore the rich legacy von Hayek left to economics . . . as well as to philosophy, political theory, law, and psychology.

Volume 1
Austrian and Neoclassical Economics: Any Gains from Trade?
By Sherwin Rosen

Volume 2
Hayekian Socialism
By Richard Epstein

Volume 3
Hayek, Practitioner of Social Justice
By Michael Novak

Volume 4
Hayek, Radical Reactionary
By Lord Ralph Harris

Volume 5
Hayek's Legacy
By Kurt Leube

Volume 6
Hayek and the Fate of Liberty in the Twentieth Century
By Kenneth Minogue

Volume 7
Morality and Community in the Extended Market Order
By James Buchanan

RAOUL BERGER

Raoul Berger is the foremost scholar of constitutional law to defend the doctrine of originalism in our day. Berger’s thought is set in the context of his long and rich life, from Russian émigré in Chicago to musician, to his eventual mastery of the legal underpinnings of a free society.
THE INTELLECTUAL PORTRAIT SERIES
Conversations with some of the most original thinkers of our generation are now available on videotape.

ARMEN A. ALCHIAN

MANUEL AYAU

JACQUES BARZUN

LORD PETER THOMAS BAUER
ISBN 0-86597-951-0. $17.50.

JAMES M. BuchANAn

RONALD COASE

RICHARD CORNUELLE
ISBN 0-86597-979-0. $17.50.

ERNEST VAN DEN HAAG

LORD RALPH HARRIS AND ARTHUR SELDON
ISBN 0-86597-349-0. $17.50.

MAX HARTWELL

JOHN HOSPERS

ANTHONY DE JASAY

ISRAEL KIRZNER

PAUL McCrackEN

RALPH McINERNY

SIR ALAN WALTers
ISBN 0-86597-982-0. $17.50.

To place an order for videotapes, please call 1-317-842-0880 or 1-800-955-8335, or see page 6 of this catalog order form.
INDEX TO THE WORKS OF ADAM SMITH
Compiled by Knud Haakonssen and Andrew S. Skinner

The Glasgow Edition of the Works and Correspondence of Adam Smith represents one of the best available editions of Adam Smith's monumental opus. For over fifteen years, Liberty Fund has made paperback editions of these classics accessible to a wider audience than ever before.

Now, with the publication of a new comprehensive Index to the Works of Adam Smith, students and researchers in all fields have a single, unified source for locating Adam Smith's many contributions to such diverse fields as economics, morality, philosophy, and law.

This easy-to-use index helps students, readers, and researchers to trace their topics of interest through all of Adam Smith's work. The index covers the following works in the Glasgow Edition:

- The Wealth of Nations
- The Theory of Moral Sentiments
- Essays on Philosophical Subjects
- Lectures on Jurisprudence
- Lectures on Rhetoric and Belles Lettres

Andrew S. Skinner is Adam Smith Professor Emeritus in the University of Glasgow's Department of Political Economy. Dr. Skinner is the author of many books about Adam Smith, political economy, and the Scottish Enlightenment.

Knud Haakonssen is Professor of Philosophy at Boston University. He has edited the works of Thomas Reid, David Hume, and Adam Smith for Princeton, Cambridge, and Edinburgh University Presses. His books include Natural Law and Moral Philosophy, Enlightenment and Religion, and the forthcoming Cambridge Companion to Adam Smith (all Cambridge University Press).

THE WEALTH OF NATIONS
In Two Volumes
Edited by R. H. Campbell and A. S. Skinner
W. B. Todd, textual editor

First published in 1776, the year in which the American Revolution officially began, Smith's Wealth of Nations sparked a revolution of its own. In it Smith analyzes the major elements of political economy, from market pricing and the division of labor to monetary, tax, trade, and other government policies that affect economic behavior. Throughout he offers seminal arguments for free trade, free markets, and limited government.

Criticizing mercantilists who sought to use the state to increase their nations' supply of precious metals, Smith points out that a nation's wealth should be measured by the well-being of its people. Prosperity in turn requires voluntary exchange of goods in a peaceful, well-ordered market. How to establish and maintain such markets? For Smith the answer lay in man's social instincts, which government may encourage by upholding social standards of decency, honesty, and virtue, but which government undermines when it unduly interferes with the intrinsically private functions of production and exchange.

THE THEORY OF MORAL SENTIMENTS

Edited by D. D. Raphael and A. L. Macfie

The Theory of Moral Sentiments, Smith's first and in his own mind most important work, outlines his view of proper conduct and the institutions and sentiments that make men virtuous. Here he develops his doctrine of the impartial spectator, whose hypothetical disinterested judgment we must use to distinguish right from wrong in any given situation. We by nature pursue our self-interest, according to Smith. This makes independence or self-command an instinctive good, and neutral rules as difficult to craft as they are necessary. But society is not held together merely by neutral rules; it is held together by sympathy. Smith argues that we naturally share the emotions and to a certain extent the physical sensations we witness in others. Sharing the sensations of our fellows, we seek to maximize their pleasures and minimize their pains so that we may share in their joys and enjoy their expressions of affection and approval.

ESSAYS ON PHILOSOPHICAL SUBJECTS

Edited by W. P. D. Wightman and J. C. Bryce

Reflecting Adam Smith's wide learning and varied interests, these essays shed considerable light on his place in the Scottish Enlightenment. Included are histories of astronomy, ancient logic, and ancient physics; essays on the “imitative” arts and the affinity between music, dancing, and poetry; and a critical review of Samuel Johnson's famous Dictionary, which Smith originally published in the Edinburgh Review (1755–1756).

To order, call 1-317-842-0880 or 1-800-955-8335.
LECTURES ON JURISPRUDENCE
Edited by R. L. Meek, D. D. Raphael and P. G. Stein

Smith’s Lectures on Jurisprudence, originally delivered at the University of Glasgow in 1762–1763, presents his “theory of the rules by which civil government ought to be directed.” The chief purpose of government, according to Smith, is to preserve justice; and “the object of justice is security from injury.” The state must protect the individuals right to his person, property, reputation, and social relations.

Building on his Theory of Moral Sentiments, Smith argues that the state must act as an impartial spectator, judging when an individual has been injured. The state must then design and apply civil and criminal laws to prevent further injuries and to punish transgressors. Laws are also the means by which the state promotes public prosperity. Thus, regulations concerning trade, commerce, and production must be crafted so as to encourage rather than interfere with our productive capacities.

LECTURES ON RHETORIC AND BELLES LETTRES
Edited by J. C. Bryce

The “Notes of Dr. Smith’s Rhetorick Lectures,” discovered in 1958 by a University of Aberdeen professor, consists of lecture notes taken by two of Smith’s students at the University of Glasgow in 1762–1763. There are thirty lectures in the collection, all on rhetoric and the different kinds or characteristics of style.

The book is divided into “an examination of the several ways of communicating our thoughts by speech” and “an attention to the principles of those literary compositions which contribute to persuasion or entertainment.” The species of communication discussed include descriptive and narrative (or historical) composition, poetry, demonstrative oratory, panegyric, didactic or scientific language, deliberative oratory, and judicial or forensic oratory.

The subjects addressed in his teachings include the style and genius of some of the best of the ancient writers and poets, especially the historians and the English classics.

CORRESPONDENCE OF ADAM SMITH
Revised Edition
Edited by E. C. Mossner and I. S. Ross

This volume offers an engaging portrait of Smith through more than four hundred letters; also included are appendixes with Smith's thoughts on the “Contest with America” and a collection of letters from Jeremy Benham.

Now complete in six titles/7 volumes, this series is the first uniform collection of Adam Smith’s writings. The Glasgow edition is published in hardcover by Oxford University Press. The paperback edition is published by Liberty Fund.

SPECIAL SET PRICE: Order all 7 volumes and save 15%
Paperback Set Only. ISBN 0-86597-369-5. $64.00.

To order, call 1-317-842-0880 or 1-800-955-8335.
**COMING SOON**

**BETWEEN THE TWO WORLD WARS:**
**MONETARY DISORDER, INTERVENTIONISM, SOCIALISM, AND THE GREAT DEPRESSION**

*Volume 2 of Selected Writings of Ludwig von Mises*

*Edited by Richard Ebeling*

Ludwig von Mises, the author of such classics as *Socialism* and *Human Action*, is universally acknowledged as one of the most important classical liberals and economists of the twentieth century. In 1934, he left his native Austria in fear of the Nazis who seized all his papers in 1938 in Vienna and, Mises thought, destroyed them.

But the papers were not destroyed. In 1996, Richard Ebeling discovered the papers in an archive in Moscow. This second volume in the resulting *Selected Writings of Ludwig von Mises* series from Liberty Fund represents a treasure trove of important essays by the great free market economist.

Richard Ebeling has been the Ludwig von Mises Professor of Economics at Hillsdale College since 1988 and chairman of the economics and business administration department at Hillsdale since 1998. He has served as the editor or co-editor for twenty other books, including *The Age of Economists: From Adam Smith to Milton Friedman* and *Human Action: A 50-Year Tribute.*

**THE POLITICAL ECONOMY OF INTERNATIONAL REFORM AND RECONSTRUCTION**

*Volume 3 of Selected Writings of Ludwig von Mises*

*Edited by Richard Ebeling*

When he fled Austria in 1938, Ludwig von Mises, one of the century’s foremost economists, left behind a wealth of writings discovered in 1994 by Professors Richard and Anna Ebeling. Those included in volume 3 are:

- Guiding Principles for the Reconstruction of Austria (1940)
- An Eastern Democratic Union: A Proposal for the Establishment of a Durable Peace in Eastern Europe (1943)
- Aspects of American Foreign Trade Policy (1943)
- Mexico’s Economic Problems (1943)
- The Main Issues in Present-Day Monetary Controversies (1944)
- A Noninflationary Proposal for Post-War Monetary Reconstruction (1944)

Volume 1, *Early Published and Unpublished Papers*, is scheduled for publication in the fall of 2003.

**SOCIALISM**

*By Ludwig von Mises*

*Translated by J. Kahane, Foreword by F. A. Hayek*

More than thirty years ago F. A. Hayek said of *Socialism*: “It was a work on political economy in the tradition of the great moral philosophers, a Montesquieu or Adam Smith, containing both acute knowledge and profound wisdom. . . . To none of us young men who read the book when it appeared was the world ever the same again.” This is a newly annotated edition of the classic first published in German in 1922. It is the definitive refutation of nearly every type of socialism ever devised. Mises presents a wide-ranging analysis of society, comparing the results of socialist planning with those of free-market capitalism in all areas of life.
NEW FROM LIBERTY FUND IS THIS MONUMENTAL TWENTY-VOLUME COLLECTION OF
THE WRITINGS OF JAMES M. BUCHANAN, ONE OF THE GREAT TWENTIETH-CENTURY
SCHOLARS OF LIBERTY. BUCHANAN, THE NOBEL LAUREATE IN ECONOMICS IN 1986, HAS
MUCH WISDOM TO OFFER—NOT JUST TO ECONOMISTS AND ACADEMICS—BUT TO ALL
WHO SEEK TO UNDERSTAND THE CHALLENGES AND OPPORTUNITIES OF GOVERNANCE IN
OUR AGE.

“This is a series,” write the editors, “that no serious scholar of public
choice theory, public economics, or contemporary political theory will
want to be without. It is a series that will also appeal to the general student
of liberty, for Buchanan has—perhaps more than any other contemporary
scholar—helped us to view politics without the romantic gloss that charac-
terizes much normative political theory and that slips unthinkingly into so
much popular commentary. Buchanan has been a resolute defender of the
ideal of a society of free and responsible individuals and has been a
painstaking analyst of the institutional structure that might best support
such a society. Buchanan stands with von Mises, Hayek, Popper, and
Friedman as one of the great twentieth-century scholars of liberty.”

The Collected Works of James M. Buchanan is a vast and significant
twenty-volume series that includes ten monographs and all of the impor-
tant journal articles, papers, and essays that Buchanan has produced in a
distinguished career spanning more than half a century. Among the mono-
graphs are such famous works as The Calculus of Consent and The Limits of
Liberty, as well as such gems as Cost and Choice: An Inquiry in Economic
Theory. The monographs have been cast into a new format, and in those
cases in which no index, or only a partial index, was originally provided,
new indexes have been created. In addition, each volume includes a fore-
word by one of the three editors of the series, each of whom is a distin-
guished economist in his own right.

Volume 20 presents a comprehensive index to the entire series and an
annotated copy of the entire curriculum vitae, indicating in which volume
in the series the various items appear and, correspondingly, those items
that have been omitted.

The Collected Works of James M. Buchanan is an important contribu-
tion to the study of an important economist and a scholar of liberty, a man
who has always been able to view his work from an appropriate perspec-
tive. As James Buchanan has written, “My interest in understanding how
the economics interaction process works has always been instrumental to
the more inclusive purpose of understanding how we can learn to live with
one another without engaging in Hobbesian war and without subjecting
ourselves to the dictates of the state.”

James M. Buchanan is an eminent economist who won the Alfred Nobel
Memorial Prize in Economic Sciences in 1986 and is considered one of the
greatest scholars of liberty of the twentieth century. He is also Professor
Emeritus at George Mason and Virginia Tech Universities.

To order, call 1-317-842-0880 or 1-800-955-8335.
THE COUNTER-REVOLUTION OF SCIENCE
Studies on the Abuse of Reason
By F. A. Hayek

Early in the last century the successes of science led a group of French thinkers to apply the principles of science to the study of society. These thinkers purported to have discovered the supposed “laws” of society and concluded that an elite of social scientists should assume direct control of social life.

The Counter-Revolution of Science is Nobel laureate Friedrich Hayek’s forceful attack on this abuse of reason.

FREEDOM AND REFORM
Essays in Economics and Social Philosophy
By Frank H. Knight
Foreword by James M. Buchanan

The fifteen essays in this collection, first published in 1947, treat a variety of economic, social, political, and philosophical problems and were written by a legendary professor of economics at the University of Chicago.

Professor Knight (1885–1972) wrote from the viewpoint of ethics as well as economics. His own words best describe his objective in this book: “The basic principle of science—truth or objectivity—is essentially a moral principle. . . . The presuppositions of objectivity are integrity, competence, humility. . . . All coercion is absolutely excluded in favor of free meeting of free minds.”

THE KEYNESIAN EPISODE
A Reassessment
By W. H. Hutt

The late W. H. Hutt was a preeminent and persistent critic of the economic theories of John Maynard Keynes. In The Keynesian Episode, he presents a comprehensive review of Keynes’s General Theory, including the finest critique to date of the Acceleration Principle. He questions the very legitimacy of Keynes’s fundamental epistemology.

THE THEORY OF MONEY AND CREDIT
By Ludwig von Mises
Introduction by Lionel Robbins, Foreword by Murray N. Rothbard

In 1912, when Mises, at age thirty-one, wrote this landmark book, no monetary theory could be described as both securely founded on economic reality and properly incorporated into an analysis of the entire economic system.
THE MORALS OF MARKETS
AND RELATED ESSAYS

By H. B. Acton
Edited by David Gordon and Jeremy Shearmur

Although the market economy is not as unpopular now as when
Acton wrote The Morals of Markets, the morality of buying and selling
has long bothered man’s conscience. Defenses of capitalism often establish
its efficiency or rely on a “that is the way human nature is anyway” argu-
ment. This book asserts that a free market is a necessary condition for the
pursuit of moral excellence. Its analysis of the relation between capitalism
and moral virtue has not been superseded. Acton’s book is distinctive in
discussing the “morals of markets” in a way that forms an essential addi-
tion—often missing—to the case to be made for free markets.

H. B. Acton (1908–1974) was Professor of Moral Philosophy at the
University of Edinburgh.

David Gordon is a Senior Fellow at the Ludwig von Mises Institute.

Jeremy Shearmur teaches political theory at the Australian National University.

ECONOMIC FORCES AT WORK
Selected Works by Armen A. Alchian
Introduction by Ronald H. Coase

Alchian has made important contributions to the economic
analysis of inflation and unemployment and to the theory of costs and
of the firm. He has played the leading role in the development of a theory
of property rights. His writing is distinguished by his ability to disentangle
the essential from the trivial and, above all, by his skill in showing how the
same basic economic forces are at work in a wide variety of apparently
completely different social settings.

Armen A. Alchian is Professor Emeritus of Economics at UCLA.

Ronald H. Coase was awarded the 1991 Nobel Prize in Economics.

ADAM SMITH
The Man and His Works

By E. G. West

Dr. West brings to life Adam Smith as a student; we watch his thought
develop as Professor of Moral Philosophy at Glasgow, and enjoy with
him the hospitality of David Hume, the Parisian literary salons, Johnson,
Burke, Gibbon, and other giants of the era.

ECONOMICS AND THE PUBLIC WELFARE

By Benjamin M. Anderson
Foreword by Arthur Kemp

In the turbulent years between passage of the Federal Reserve Act (1913)
and the Bretton Woods Agreement (1945), the peoples of the Western
world suffered two World Wars, two major and several minor international
financial panics, an epidemic of currency devaluations and debt repudia-
tions, civil wars, and revolutions.

From his vantage point as economist for the Chase Manhattan Bank and
editor of the Chase Economic Bulletin, who participated in much of what he
records, Dr. Anderson here describes the climactic events of a turbulent era.

Arthur Kemp is Professor Emeritus of Economics at Claremont McKenna
College.

To order, call 1-317-842-0880 or 1-800-955-8335.
EDUCATION

EDUCATION AND THE INDUSTRIAL REVOLUTION
Revised and Expanded Edition
By E. G. West

In *Education and the Industrial Revolution*, West writes about an Educational Revolution during the Industrial Revolution. This book adds important historical context to E. G. West’s better-known *Education and the State*.

Since the inadequacies of the Industrial Revolution remain a key factor in most critiques of capitalism and individual liberty, *Education and the Industrial Revolution* makes an important contribution to a better understanding of the period.

EDUCATION AND THE STATE
A Study in Political Economy
Third Edition, Revised and Expanded
By E. G. West
Foreword by Arthur Seldon, Introduction by Myron Lieberman

*Education and the State* reexamines the role of government in education and challenges the fundamental statist assumption that the state is best able to provide an education for the general population.

E. G. West was Professor Emeritus of Economics at Carleton University, Ottawa.

TEACHER IN AMERICA
By Jacques Barzun
With a new Introduction by the Author

“The old plan and purpose of teaching the young what they truly need to know survives only in the private sector.” —Jacques Barzun

With his customary wit and grace, Dr. Barzun contrasts the ritual of education with the lost art of teaching. Twenty-one chapters deal with three major issues: the practice of teaching, the subject matter to be taught, and the institutional and cultural aspects of teaching.

Jacques Barzun is a renowned scholar, teacher, and author who lectures widely since his retirement in 1993.

ALSO OF INTEREST: A Conversation With Jacques Barzun
Videotape . . . see page 26.

To order, call 1-317-842-0880 or 1-800-955-8335.
THE PRINCIPLES OF MORAL AND POLITICAL PHILOSOPHY

By William Paley
Foreword by D. L. Le Mahieu

This classic work by William Paley was one of the most popular books in England and America in the early nineteenth century. Its significance lies in the fact that it marks an important point at which eighteenth century "whiggism" began to be transformed into nineteenth century "liberalism."

First published in 1785, Paley's Principles of Moral and Political Philosophy was originally based on his Cambridge lectures of 1766–1776. It was designed for instructional purposes and was almost immediately adopted as a required text for all undergraduates at Cambridge.

The great popularity of Paley's Principles is perhaps due in part to the author's remarkable gift for clear exposition. Even today, this work is very readable and easily comprehended. But the popularity of the book also reflected the fact that Paley expressed some of the leading scientific, theological, and ethical ideas of his time and place. In this respect, Paley's great classic provides valuable insight into the Anglo-American mind of the early nineteenth century and helps us better understand the thinking processes and evolving concepts of liberty and virtue that were displacing the old "whiggism" of the preceding century.

As editor D. L. Le Mahieu states, "To Paley, the undeniable demands of self interest coincided rather than conflicted with the needs of society." Paley believed that "it was the utility of any moral rule alone which determined obligation." In his political theory, Paley rejected social contract theory and substituted instead a natural history of civil society. His opposition to electoral reform, and, later, the French Revolution, "became part of a larger ideological discourse that helped the British elites withstand the revolutionary currents of the 1790s."

D. L. Le Mahieu is Hotchkiss Presidential Professor at Lake Forest College in Illinois. He is also the author of The Mind of William Paley: A Philosopher and His Age (1976) and A Culture for Democracy (1988).

CONTENTS

Foreword by D. L. Le Mahieu
Select Bibliography
Letter to the Bishop of Carlisle by William Paley
Preface

BOOK I
PRELIMINARY CONSIDERATIONS
1. Definition and Use of the Science
2. The Law of Honour
3. The Law of the Land
4. The Scriptures
5. The Moral Sense
6. Human Happiness
7. Virtue

BOOK II
MORAL OBLIGATION
1. The Question, Why am I obliged to keep my Word? considered
2. What we mean, when we say a Man is obliged to do a thing

3. The Question, Why am I obliged to keep my Word? resumed
4. The Will of God
5. The Divine Benevolence
6. Utility
7. The Necessity of General Rules
8. The Consideration of General Consequences pursued
9. Of Right
10. The Division of Rights
11. The General Rights of Mankind

BOOK III
RELATIVE DUTIES

Part I
OF RELATIVE DUTIES WHICH ARE DETERMINATE
1. Of Property
2. The Use of the Institution of Property
3. The History of Property
4. The Scriptures
5. The Moral Sense
6. Human Happiness
7. Virtue

To order, call 1-317-842-0880 or 1-800-955-8335.
By 1989, when Michael Oakeshott’s *Voice of Liberal Learning* was first published by Yale University Press, books that held a negative view of education in the United States, such as Allan Bloom’s *The Closing of the American Mind* and E. D. Hirsch’s *Cultural Literacy*, had garnered a remarkable amount of attention. There have been countless lamentations about the state of schooling in America in recent years, and there have been countless recommendations toward what is invariably called “educational reform.”

To those weary and wary of the cacophony about what’s wrong with education in America and what ought to be done about it, Oakeshott’s voice beckons. As usual, his approach to the subject is subtle, comprehensive, and radical—in the sense of summoning readers to the root of the matter. That root, Oakeshott believed, is the very nature of learning itself and, concomitantly, the means (as distinct from the method) by which the life of learning is discovered, cultivated, and pursued. As Oakeshott has written, “This, then, is what we are concerned with: adventures in human self-understanding. Not the bare protestation that a human being is a self-conscious, reflective intelligence and that he does not live by bread alone, but the actual enquiries, utterances, and actions in which human beings have expressed their understanding of the human condition. This is the stuff of what has come to be called a ‘liberal’ education—‘liberal’ because it is liberated from the distracting business of satisfying contingent wants.”

Liberty Fund’s new edition of *The Voice of Liberal Learning* includes a foreword by Timothy Fuller that reiterates the timelessness of Oakeshott’s reflections amid the continuing clamor that characterizes discourse about liberal education.

Michael Oakeshott (1901–1990) was Professor of Political Science at the London School of Economics and a Fellow of Gonville and Caius College, Cambridge. He was the author of many works, including *Rationalism in Politics and Other Essays*, *On History and Other Essays*, and *Hobbes on Civil Association*, all of which are published by Liberty Fund.

*The Voice of Liberal Learning*

By Michael Oakeshott

Foreword and Introduction by Timothy Fuller

To order, call 1-317-842-0880 or 1-800-955-8335.
HOBBES ON CIVIL ASSOCIATION
By Michael Oakeshott
Foreword by Paul Franco

This new collection presents Michael Oakeshott’s four principal essays on Hobbes and the nature of civil association as it pertains to ordered liberty. The foreword by Paul Franco remarks the place of these essays within Oakeshott’s entire corpus.

The essays are
“Introduction to Leviathan” (1946)
“The Moral Life in the Writings of Thomas Hobbes” (1960)
“Dr. Leo Strauss on Hobbes” (1937)
“Leviathan: A Myth” (1947)

Paul Franco is a Professor in the Department of Government at Bowdoin College.

ON HISTORY AND OTHER ESSAYS
By Michael Oakeshott
Foreword by Timothy Fuller

In five essays, including three on historiography, one of the greatest minds in English political thought in the twentieth century explores themes central to the human experience: the nature of history, the rule of law, and the quest for power that is intrinsic to the human condition. Michael Oakeshott believed, as Timothy Fuller observes, that “the historian’s effort to understand the past without ulterior motive [is the] effort which distinguishes the historian as historian from all who examine the past for the guidance they expect it to provide about practical concerns.”

Michael Oakeshott (1901–1990) was Professor of Political Science at the London School of Economics and a Fellow of Gonville and Caius College, Cambridge. He was the author of many works, including Rationalism in Politics and Other Essays, published by Liberty Fund.

Timothy Fuller is the Lew Worner Distinguished Service Professor at Colorado College and has published widely on the works of Michael Oakeshott.

RATIONALISM IN POLITICS AND OTHER ESSAYS
By Michael Oakeshott
Foreword by Timothy Fuller

Rationalism in Politics established the late Michael Oakeshott as the leading conservative political theorist in modern Britain. This expanded collection of essays astutely points out the limits of “reason” in rationalist politics and criticizes ideological schemes to reform society according to supposedly “scientific” or rationalistic principles that ignore the wealth and variety of human experience.

Timothy Fuller is Professor of Political Science at Colorado College.
William Penn played a crucial role in the articulation of religious liberty as a philosophical and political value during the second half of the seventeenth century and as a core element of the classical liberal tradition in general. Penn was not only one of the most vocal spokesmen for liberty of conscience in Restoration England, but he also oversaw a great colonizing endeavor that attempted to instantiate his tolerationist commitments in practice. His thought has relevance not only for scholars of English political and religious history, but also for those who are interested in the foundations of American religious liberty, political development, and colonial history. This volume illuminates the origins and development of Penn’s thought by presenting, for the first time, complete and annotated texts of all his important political works.

Penn’s early political writings illuminate the Whig understanding of English politics as guided by the ancient constitution (epitomized by Magna Charta and its elaboration of English native rights). The ancient constitution symbolized, for Penn and other Whigs, a balanced governing relationship between king and Parliament, established from antiquity and offering a standard against which to judge the actions of particular parliaments. The values of liberty, property, and consent (as represented by Parliament) provide the basis for Penn’s advocacy of liberty of conscience in Restoration England. During the 1660s and 1670s, Penn used his social prominence as well as the time afforded him by several imprisonments to compose a number of works advocating religious toleration and defending the ancient constitution as a guarantor of popular liberties. In the 1680s, Penn’s political thought emphasized the substantive importance of toleration as a fundamental right and the civil magistrate’s duty to grant such freedom regardless of those interests in society (e.g., the Church of England, Tories in Parliament) who might oppose it. His social status, indefatigable energy for publication, and command of biblical and historical sources give Penn’s political writings a twofold significance: as a window on toleration and liberty of conscience, perhaps the most vexing issue of Restoration politics; and as part of a broader current of thought that would influence political thought and practice in the colonies as well as in the mother country.

William Penn (1644–1718) lived during the two great political and religious upheavals in seventeenth-century England: the Civil Wars of the 1640s and the 1688 Revolution. He was expelled from Christ Church College, Oxford, for religious nonconformity; and in 1667 he converted to Quakerism. After his conversion, he worked as a preacher, writer, and spokesman for the Quakers, promoting religious liberty and attempting to advance the interests of the Quakers in the American colonies.
TEMPORAL AND ETERNAL
By Charles Péguy
Translated and Introduction by Alexander Dru

Temporal and Eternal is a profound and poetic assessment of the relationship between tradition and liberty, between politics and society, and between Christianity and the modern world. The Liberty Fund edition includes a new foreword by Pierre Manent, professor of political science at the Centre de Recherches Politiques Raymond Aron in Paris.

As the twenty-first century begins, the relationships this book explores are as relevant as they were in the last century, when French poet and essayist Charles Péguy addressed them in “Memories of Youth” and “Clio I,” the two essays in this volume. In these essays Péguy develops his theme of la mystique—that which a person or a nation is—and la politique—mere policy. According to Péguy, “Everything begins as a mystique and ends as a politique.” A nation, then, that loses its mystique—that is, those traditions and customs that predate politics—loses both its liberty and its self-respect and becomes prone to totalitarian terror, by the right or the left.

Péguy rightly discerned in the displacement of mystique by politique in European life “the coming of a demagogic domination disastrous for liberties.” Thus, observes Pierre Manent, “the most important event in Péguy’s life and for his work was also of capital importance, not only for the French of his generation but also for the Western world ever since.”

THE LIBERAL MIND
By Kenneth Minogue

Kenneth Minogue offers a brilliant and provocative exploration of liberalism in the Western world today: its roots and its influences, its present state, and its prospects in the new century. The Liberal Mind limns the taxonomy of a way of thinking that constitutes the very consciousness of most people in most Western countries.

But what, precisely, is liberalism? Or, more accurately, can liberalism be defined precisely? Minogue attempts to answer both questions. The Liberal Mind attempts to uncover the philosophy of liberalism and lay bare its implications. What is Man? How does he think and feel? What is the place of Reason in human affairs? How should men live? What is politics, and what is it for? These are the questions which liberalism both asks and answers. The answers supply a technique of living, which is a utilitarian moral guide: yet the great advantage claimed for this code is that it is scientific. Because of this claim, liberalism is forced into a series of moral and political evasions, both doctrines and emotional habits of thought. These are dissected in The Liberal Mind."

Kenneth Minogue is Emeritus Professor of Political Science at the University of London.

THE PURE THEORY OF POLITICS
By Bertrand de Jouvenel
Foreword by Daniel J. Mahoney

This is the concluding volume in Jouvenel’s magnum opus, the trilogy that begins with On Power, moves to Sovereignty, and concludes with The Pure Theory of Politics. In this final volume, Bertrand de Jouvenel proposes to remedy a serious deficiency in political science: “the lack of agreement on first principles, or ‘elements’.” The author’s concern is with political processes as they actually exist, not as they are conjectured to be in hypothetical models.

Bertrand de Jouvenel (1903–1987) was a renowned observer of British and American institutions.

Daniel J. Mahoney is Associate Professor of Politics at Assumption College.

To order, call 1-317-842-0880 or 1-800-955-8335.
IN DEFENSE OF TRADITION
Collected Shorter Writings of
Richard M. Weaver, 1929–1963
Edited and with an Introduction by Ted J. Smith III
Richard M. Weaver, a thinker and writer celebrated for his unsparing diagnoses and realistic remedies for the ills of our age, is known largely through a few of his works that remain in print.
This new collection of Weaver's shorter writings presents many long-out-of-print and never-before-published works that give new range and depth to Weaver's sweeping thought.
In all, there are some 126 essays, speeches, book reviews, and editorials.
Ted J. Smith III is Professor of Mass Communications at Virginia Commonwealth University.

THE PERFECTIBILITY OF MAN
Third Edition
With a New Preface
By John Passmore
Passmore's brilliant exposition of the implications of perfectibility on individual liberty and responsibility is now available with a new preface by Passmore himself.
A reviewer of the original 1970 edition well summarizes the scope and significance of this renowned work by one of the leading philosophers of the twentieth century: "Beginning with an analytic discussion of the various ways in which perfectibility has been interpreted, Professor Passmore traces its long history from the Greeks to the present day . . . both in its broad sweep and countless supporting reflections, it is a journey through spiritual scenery of the most majestic and exhilarating kind."
John Passmore served for many years as a Professor of Philosophy at Australian National University.

TWILIGHT OF AUTHORITY
By Robert Nisbet
Foreword by Robert G. Perrin
"We had thought, or our forefathers had, that modern liberal democracy would be spared the kind of erosion and decay that both Plato and Aristotle declared endemic in all forms of state. Now we are not so sure." So wrote Robert Nisbet in the first edition of Twilight of Authority, published by Oxford University Press in 1975. "The centralization, and, increasingly, individualization of power is matched in the social and cultural spheres by a combined hedonism and egalitarianism, each in its own way a reflection of the destructive impact of power on the hierarchy that is native to the social bond," he writes.
Robert Nisbet (1913–1996) taught at Columbia, the University of California at Berkeley, Smith College, and the University of Bologna, and was the author of several major works, including Social Change and History and The Quest for Community.
Robert G. Perrin is Professor of Sociology at the University of Tennessee at Knoxville.
ESSAYS, MORAL, POLITICAL, AND LITERARY
Revised Edition
By David Hume
Edited by Eugene F. Miller

“The Essays, Moral, Political, and Literary (a volume..., covering three decades of Hume’s career as a philosopher) has been largely ignored. The volume has rarely been in print, and the last critical edition was published in 1874–75. With this splendid, but inexpensive, new critical edition by Eugene Miller, the door is open to a richer notion of Hume’s conception of philosophy.”
—Donald Livingston, Emory University

This edition contains the thirty-nine essays included in Essays, Moral, Political, and Literary that made up Volume I of the 1777 posthumous Essays and Treatises on Several Subjects. It also includes ten essays that were withdrawn or left unpublished by Hume for various reasons. The two most important were deemed too controversial for the religious climate of his time.

This revised edition reflects changes based on further comparisons with eighteenth-century texts and an extensive reworking of the index.

Eugene F. Miller is a Professor of Political Science at the University of Georgia.

DAVID HUME
Prophet of the Counter-revolution
Second Edition
By Laurence L. Bongie
Foreword by Donald Livingston

As Laurence L. Bongie notes, “David Hume was undoubtedly the eighteenth-century British writer whose works were most widely known and acclaimed on the Continent during the later Enlightenment period. Hume’s impact [in France] was of undeniable importance, greater even for a time than the related influence of Burke, although it represents a contribution to French counter-revolutionary thought which, unlike that of Burke, has been almost totally ignored by historians to this day.” The bulk of Bongie’s work consists of the writings of French readers of Hume who were confronted, first, by the ideology of human perfection and, finally, by the actual terrors of the French Revolution. Offered in French in the original edition of David Hume published by Oxford University Press in 1965, these vitally important writings have been translated by the author into English for the Liberty Fund second edition.

Laurence L. Bongie is Professor Emeritus of French at the University of British Columbia.
Donald Livingston is Professor of Philosophy at Emory University.

Foreword, editor’s note, glossary, variant readings, index.

2000. 5½ x 8¼. 235 pages.
Foreword, preface, introduction, index of names and titles.

To order, call 1-317-842-0880 or 1-800-955-8335.
CHARACTERISTICKS OF MEN, MANNERS, OPINIONS, TIMES
In Three Volumes, with Illustrations
By Anthony Ashley Cooper, Third Earl of Shaftesbury
Foreword by Douglas Den Uyl

This new Liberty Fund edition of Characteristicks presents the complete 1732 text of this classic work of philosophy and political theory. Also included are faithful reproductions of the stirring engravings that Shaftesbury designed to facilitate the reader’s consideration of his meditations on the interrelationships among truth, goodness, beauty, virtue, liberty, responsibility, society, and the state.

The grandson of a founder and leader of the English Whigs, and tutored by John Locke, Anthony Ashley Cooper, the Third Earl of Shaftesbury (1671–1713), wrote one of the most intellectually influential works in English of the eighteenth century. This was the three-volume Characteristicks, originally published in 1711, but revised in 1714 to accommodate the engravings of illustrations that Shaftesbury himself planned to aid the reader’s consideration of his reflections on virtue as a kind of rationally achieved harmony among the affections.

Douglas Den Uyl has for many years been Professor of Philosophy at Bellarmine College, Louisville, and is Vice President of Education for Liberty Fund, Inc.

POLITICAL WRITINGS
By Samuel Johnson
Edited by Donald J. Greene
Volume 10 of The Yale Johnson

The eighteenth century produced a remarkable array of thinkers whose influence in the development of free societies and free institutions is incalculable. Among these thinkers were Mandeville, Hutcheson, Smith, Hume, and Burke; their time is known as the Age of Johnson. Samuel Johnson: Political Writings contains twenty-four of Johnson’s essays on the great social, economic, and political issues of his time. These include “Taxation No Tyranny”—in which Johnson defended the British Crown against the American revolutionaries—and “An Introduction to the Political State of Great Britain,” “Thoughts on the Coronation of King George III,” and “The Patriot,” which is one of Johnson’s principal writings during the American Revolution.

POLITICA
By Johannes Althusius
Translated, Abridged, and with an Introduction by Frederick S. Carney
Foreword by Daniel J. Elazar

Drawing deeply from Aristotle and biblical teaching, Politica presents a unique vision of the commonwealth as a harmonious ordering of natural associations. According to Althusius, the purpose of the state is to protect and encourage social life. The family is the most natural of human associations, and all other unions derive from it. Power and authority properly grow from more local to more general associations.

Johannes Althusius (1557–1638) was a German political and legal philosopher.

Frederick S. Carney is Professor Emeritus of Ethics at the Perkins School of Theology, Southern Methodist University.

Daniel J. Elazar was Director of the Center for the Study of Federalism at Temple University and Professor of Political Science at Temple and at Bar Ilan University in Israel.

To order, call 1-317-842-0880 or 1-800-955-8335.
AREOPAGITICA AND OTHER POLITICAL WRITINGS OF JOHN MILTON
Foreword by John Alvis

John Alvis has collected into a superb one-volume edition all of Milton’s political writings of enduring importance.

THE FABLE OF THE BEES
or Private Vices, Publick Benefits
In Two Volumes
By Bernard Mandeville
With a Commentary by F. B. Kaye

“Mandeville . . . anticipated Oscar Wilde in choosing his enemies with great care, and within his own century they included David Hume, Adam Smith, and Francis Hutcheson. He could afford even such enemies because his friends and admirers have been legion.”
—George J. Stigler, University of Chicago

CATO’S LETTERS
Essays on Liberty
Four Volumes in Two
By John Trenchard and Thomas Gordon
Edited and annotated by Ronald Hamowy

Almost a generation before Washington, Henry, and Jefferson were even born, two Englishmen, concealing their identities with the honored ancient name of Cato, wrote newspaper articles condemning tyranny and advancing principles of liberty that immensely influenced American colonists. The Englishmen were John Trenchard and Thomas Gordon. Their prototype was Cato the Younger (95–46 b.c.), the implacable foe of Julius Caesar and a champion of liberty and republican principles.

DISCOURSES CONCERNING GOVERNMENT
By Algernon Sidney
Edited by Thomas G. West

Written in response to Sir Robert Filmer’s Patriarcha (1680), the Discourses Concerning Government by Algernon Sidney (1623–1683) has been treasured for more than three centuries as a classic defense of republicanism and popular government.

To order, call 1-317-842-0880 or 1-800-955-8335.
ON POWER
The Natural History of Its Growth
By Bertrand de Jouvenel
Foreword by D. W. Brogan
Translated by J. F. Huntington

Documenting the process by which government and controlling majorities have grown increasingly powerful and tyrannical, Bertrand de Jouvenel demonstrates how democracies have failed to limit the powers of government. This development Jouvenel traces all the way back to the days of royal absolutism, which established large administrative bureaucracies and thus laid the foundation of the modern omnipotent state.

On Power is an important work that Professor Angelo M. Petroni of the Luigi Einaudi Center for Research in Torino, Italy, has said is “simply a book that no serious scholar of political science or political philosophy can afford to ignore.”

THE ETHICS OF REDISTRIBUTION
By Bertrand de Jouvenel
Introduction by John Gray

In this concise and elegant work, first published in 1952, Bertrand de Jouvenel purposely ignores the economic evidence that redistributional efforts sap incentives and are economically destructive. Rather, he stresses the commonly disregarded ethical arguments showing that redistribution is ethically indefensible for, and practically unworkable in, a complex society.

A new introduction relates Jouvenel’s arguments to current discussions about the redistributionist state and draws out many of the points of affinity with the works of Buchanan, Hayek, Rawls, and others.

John Gray is a Professor at the London School of Economics.

SOVEREIGNTY
An Inquiry into the Political Good
By Bertrand de Jouvenel
Translated by J. F. Huntington
Foreword by Daniel J. Mahoney and David DesRosiers

“Who decides? Who is the Sovereign? What is a good act?” In quest of answers to these vitally important questions, Bertrand de Jouvenel examines successively the nature and history of authority, the political good, the sovereign, and liberty. His concern is with “the prospects for individual liberty in democratic societies in which sovereignty purportedly resides in the whole people of the body politic.” His objective is a definition and understanding of “the canons of conduct for the public authority of a dynamic society.” He writes for “whoever would exercise the duties of a citizen.”

Bertrand de Jouvenel was an author and teacher, first publishing On Power in 1945. Among his other books is The Pure Theory of Politics (1963), reissued by Liberty Fund. He died in 1987.

Daniel J. Mahoney is Associate Professor of Politics at Assumption College.

David DesRosiers is Development Officer for the Manhattan Institute.
LEISURE THE BASIS OF CULTURE
By Josef Pieper
Translated by Alexander Dru
Introduction by T. S. Eliot

This elegantly written work introduces the reader to an understanding that leisure is nothing less than "an attitude of mind and a condition of the soul that fosters a capacity to perceive the reality of the world." Pieper demonstrates that "Leisure has been, and always will be, the first foundation of any culture," and observes, "in our bourgeois Western world total labor has vanquished leisure. Unless we regain the art of silence and insight, the ability for nonactivity, unless we substitute true leisure for our hectic amusements, we will destroy our culture—and ourselves."

Josef Pieper (1904–1997) was an influential German Catholic philosopher, scholar, and author.
T. S. Eliot (1888–1965) was an American-born English poet, playwright, and critic.

THE STATE
By Anthony de Jasay

The State is a brilliant analysis of modern political arrangements that views the state as acting in its own interest contrary to the interests of individuals and even of an entire society. As James Buchanan has observed, Jasay subjects the state to a "solid, foundational analysis, grounded in an understanding of economic theory, informed by political philosophy and a deep sense of history." The results include a "devastating critique of the absurdities of modern welfare economics."


THE LOGIC OF LIBERTY
Reflections and Rejoinders
By Michael Polanyi
Foreword by Stuart D. Warner

A chemist and member of a family renowned for its learning in several disciplines, Michael Polanyi experienced first-hand the horrors of totalitarian government and worldwide war. He argued that centrally planned organizations—or governments—based solely on the methods of science threaten to foreclose a full human knowledge of the mysteries of existence and therefore pose a direct threat not only to academic freedom but also to social and political liberty.

Michael Polanyi (1891–1976) was an internationally renowned scientist, philosopher, and professor whose other works include Personal Knowledge and The Tacit Dimension.

Stuart D. Warner is Associate Professor of Philosophy at Roosevelt University, Chicago, Illinois.

THE POLITICIZATION OF SOCIETY
Edited by Kenneth S. Templeton, Jr.
Introduction by R. M. Hartwell


1999. 4¾ x 7½. 158 pages.


1998. 5½ x 8¼. 277 pages.

1979. 6 x 9. 544 pages.

To order, call 1-317-842-0880 or 1-800-955-8335.
THE VIRTUE OF CIVILITY
Selected Essays on Liberalism, Tradition, and Civil Society
By Edward Shils
Edited by Steven Grosby

Edward Shils was one of the leading intellectual defenders of freedom in the twentieth century. In these nine essays, he explores the importance of civility and tradition to a free society. The essays’ significance is enormous, for Shils was one of the first and assuredly one of the most courageous writers to examine the nature of civility and civil society and their relation to a free, ordered, liberal democratic society.

Edward Shils (1910–1995) was Professor of Sociology and Social Thought at the University of Chicago and Honorary Fellow at Peterhouse, Cambridge.

Steven Grosby is an Associate Professor at Clemson University.

“IN DEFENSE OF FREEDOM” AND RELATED ESSAYS
By Frank S. Meyer
Foreword by William C. Dennis

When it first appeared in 1962, In Defense of Freedom was hailed by Richard M. Weaver as “a brilliant defense of the primacy of the person” and an effective “indictment of statism and bureaucratism.” Meyer examines the tension between the freedom of the person and the power of social institutions. In his view, both the dominant Liberalism and the “New Conservatism” of the American tradition place undue emphasis on the claims of social order at the expense of the individual person and liberty.

The Liberty Fund edition also includes nine related essays.

Frank S. Meyer (1909–1972) was a senior editor of National Review.

William C. Dennis is a former Senior Liberty Fund Fellow. He is now Senior Scholar, Atlas Economic Research Foundation, and a consultant in philanthropy.

THE SOUTHERN ESSAYS OF RICHARD M. WEAVER
Foreword by George Core, Edited and with a Preface by George M. Curtis, III, and James J. Thompson, Jr.

Richard M. Weaver (1910–1963), one of the leading figures in the post–World War II development of an intellectual, self-conscious conservatism, believed that Southern values of religion, work ethic, and family could provide a defense against the totalitarian nihilism of fascist and communist statism.

DEMOCRACY AND LEADERSHIP
By Irving Babbitt
Foreword by Russell Kirk

“. . . one of the few truly important works of political thought.”

—Russell Kirk

Irving Babbitt was a leader of the intellectual movement called American Humanism, or the New Humanism, and a distinguished professor of French literature at Harvard. Democracy and Leadership, first published in 1924, is his only directly political book, and in it he applies the principles of humanism to the civil social order.

Babbitt offers a compelling critique of unchecked majoritarianism and addresses the great problem of how to discover leaders with standards.
THE MAKING OF TOCQUEVILLE’S “DEMOCRACY IN AMERICA”  
Second Edition  
By James T. Schleifer  
Foreword by George W. Pierson  
“A masterful job that will long stand as an essential guide for every student of Tocqueville.” —Edmund S. Morgan  
The Liberty Fund second edition of James T. Schleifer’s celebrated study of Tocqueville includes a new preface by the author and an epilogue, “The Problem of the Two Democracies.” For the first time, the evolution of a number of Tocqueville’s central themes—democracy, individualism, centralization, despotism—emerges into clear relief.  

THE SERVILE STATE  
By Hilaire Belloc  
Introduction by Robert Nisbet  
“I have always felt that The Servile State was much more significant than we have suspected.” —James V. Schall, S.J., Georgetown University  
Hilaire Belloc (1870–1953) was one of the most respected men of his day for his learning, insight, wit, and brilliant literary style. Author of over 100 books and articles, Belloc was a journalist, polemicist, social and political analyst, literary critic, poet, and novelist. The Servile State has endured as his most important political work. The effect of socialist doctrine on capitalist society, Belloc wrote, is to produce a third thing different from either—the servile state, today commonly called the welfare state.  

ENVY  
A Theory of Social Behaviour  
By Helmut Schoeck  
“An excellent and extremely valuable book. It is beautifully written and contains startling and enlightening information.” —Sir Karl R. Popper  
Envy was first published in German in 1966, then in an English translation in 1970. This classic study is one of the few books to explore extensively the many facets of envy—“a drive which lies at the core of man’s life as a social being.” Ranging widely over literature, philosophy, psychology, and the social sciences, Professor Schoeck—a distinguished sociologist and anthropologist—elucidates both the constructive and destructive consequences of envy in social life. Perhaps most important, he demonstrates that not only the impetus toward a totalitarian regime but also the egalitarian impulse in democratic societies are alike in being rooted in envy.  

NEW INDIVIDUALIST REVIEW  
Introduction by Milton Friedman  
Initially sponsored by the University of Chicago Chapter of the Intercollegiate Society of Individualists, the New Individualist Review was more than the usual “campus magazine.” It declared itself “founded in a commitment to human liberty.” In his introduction to this reprint edition, Milton Friedman—one of the magazine’s faculty advisors—writes that the Review set “an intellectual standard that has not yet, I believe, been matched by any of the more recent publications in the same philosophical tradition.”
JOHN RANDOLPH OF ROANOKE
A Study in American Politics
Fourth Edition
By Russell Kirk

John Randolph of Roanoke is unique in American political history. For most of his public career Randolph was a leader of the opposition—to both Jeffersonians and Federalists. Only twenty-six when first elected to Congress in 1799, he readily became the most forceful figure at the Capitol.

Russell Kirk (1918–1994) was the author of some thirty books, including The Conservative Mind, and was one of the seminal political thinkers of the twentieth century.

TYRANNY UNMASKED
By John Taylor of Caroline
Edited by F. Thornton Miller

John Taylor of Caroline (1753–1824) was one of the foremost philosophers of the states' rights Jeffersonians of the early national period. In keeping with his lifelong mission as a “minority man,” John Taylor wrote Tyranny Unmasked not only to assault the protective tariff and the mercantilist policies of the times but also “to examine general principles in relation to commerce, political economy, and a free government.”

F. Thornton Miller is Associate Professor of History at Southwest Missouri State University.

THE PURSUIT OF CERTAINTY
David Hume, Jeremy Bentham, John Stuart Mill, Beatrice Webb
By Shirley Robin Letwin

By examining the thought of four seminal thinkers, Shirley Robin Letwin provides a brilliant record of the gradual change in the English-speaking peoples’ understanding of “what sort of activity politics is.” As Letwin writes, “the distinctive political issue since the eighteenth century has been whether government should do more or less.” This issue arose not because of the Industrial Revolution but, Letwin believes, because of the “profoundly personal reflection” of major thinkers, including Hume, Bentham, Mill, and Webb.

THE MAN VERSUS THE STATE
With Six Essays on Government, Society, and Freedom
By Herbert Spencer
Introduction by Albert Jay Nock, Foreword by Eric Mack

Spencer develops various specific disastrous ramifications of the wholesale substitution of the principle of compulsory cooperation—the statist principle—for the individualist principle of voluntary cooperation. His theme is that “there is in society . . . that beautiful self-adjusting principle which will keep all its elements in equilibrium. . . . The attempt to regulate all the actions of a community by legislation will entail little else but misery and compulsion.”

To order, call 1-317-842-0880 or 1-800-955-8335.
THE PRINCIPLES OF ETHICS
_In Two Volumes_
By Herbert Spencer
Introduction by Tibor R. Machan

It was Spencer who penned the phrase “survival of the fittest.” Today Spencer is most often admired for his trenchant essays in _The Man Versus the State_. Spencer himself considered _The Principles of Ethics_ to be his finest work.

LIBERTY, EQUALITY, FRATERNITY
By James Fitzjames Stephen
Edited by Stuart D. Warner

Students of political theory will welcome the return to print of this brilliant defense of ordered liberty. Impugning John Stuart Mill’s famous treatise, _On Liberty_, Stephen criticized Mill for turning abstract doctrines of the French Revolution into “the creed of a religion.”

THE AMERICAN DEMOCRAT
By James Fenimore Cooper
Introduction by H. L. Mencken

“. . . an important political treatise of timely relevance today, providing sound perceptions into our present government.”

—_St. Croix Review_

When _The American Democrat_ was first published in 1838, Cooper’s position as America’s first major novelist obscured his serious contribution to the discussion of American principles and politics. “Yet Cooper,” says H. L. Mencken, “was probably the first American to write about Americans in the really frank spirit . . . a simple, sound and sensible tract, moderate in tone and extraordinarily astute in its conclusions.”

ON LIBERTY, SOCIETY, AND POLITICS
_The Essential Essays of William Graham Sumner_
Edited by Robert C. Bannister

William Graham Sumner is the “forgotten man” of American intellectual history. Too often dismissed or only superficially understood, his interpretations are now attracting closer scrutiny and appreciation. He is remembered chiefly as one of the founding fathers of sociology. He was also a strong supporter of classical liberalism during a time when liberalism was being transformed into a belief in statism.

Robert C. Bannister is Scheuer Professor of History at Swarthmore College.

To order, call 1-317-842-0880 or 1-800-955-8335.
UNION AND LIBERTY
The Political Philosophy of John C. Calhoun
Edited by Ross M. Lence

“This is the finest collection in a single volume of Calhoun’s important works.”
—Robert V. Remini, Professor Emeritus, University of Illinois, Chicago

Calhoun’s most important constitutional and political writings are now available as complete, unabridged texts and in a single volume, many for the first time since the 1850s. These writings address such issues as states’ rights and nullification, slavery, the growth of the Federal judicial power, and Calhoun’s doctrine of the “concurrent majority.”

Ross M. Lence is Professor of Political Science at the University of Houston.

THE LIMITS OF STATE ACTION
By Wilhelm von Humboldt
Edited by J. W. Burrow

The Limits of State Action, by “Germany’s greatest philosopher of freedom,” as F. A. Hayek called Humboldt, has an exuberance and attention to principle that make it a valuable introduction to classical liberal political thought. It is also crucial for an understanding of liberalism as it developed in Europe at the turn of the nineteenth century. Humboldt explores the role that liberty plays in individual development, discusses criteria for permitting the state to limit individual actions, and suggests ways of confining the state to its proper bounds. In so doing, he uniquely combines the ancient concern for human excellence and the modern concern for what has come to be known as negative liberty.

J. W. Burrow is Professor of History at the University of Sussex.

DEMOCRACY AND LIBERTY
In Two Volumes
By William Edward Hartpole Lecky
Introduction by William Murchison

When democracy turns, as it often does, into a corrupt plutocracy, both national decadence and social revolution are being prepared.” So wrote the Irish-born historian W. E. H. Lecky (1838–1903) in this devastating assault on mass democracy.

POPULAR GOVERNMENT
By Sir Henry Sumner Maine
Introduction by George W. Carey

In Popular Government Sir Henry Sumner Maine examines the political institutions of men: popular governments, unless they are founded upon the evolutionary development of a people, will crumble from their own excesses.

George W. Carey is Professor of Government at Georgetown University and editor of The Political Science Reviewer.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Author/Editor</th>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Format</th>
<th>ISBN</th>
<th>Price</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EDUCATION IN A FREE SOCIETY</td>
<td>Anne Husted Burleigh</td>
<td>1973</td>
<td>Hardcover</td>
<td>ISBN 0-913966-00-2</td>
<td>$10.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ESSAYS ON INDIVIDUALITY</td>
<td>Felix Morley</td>
<td>1977</td>
<td>Hardcover</td>
<td>ISBN 0-913966-27-4</td>
<td>$15.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FUGITIVE ESSAYS</td>
<td>Frank Chodorov</td>
<td>1980</td>
<td>Hardcover</td>
<td>ISBN 0-913966-72-X</td>
<td>$20.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WHAT SHOULD ECONOMISTS DO?</td>
<td>James M. Buchanan</td>
<td>1979</td>
<td>Hardcover</td>
<td>ISBN 0-913966-64-9</td>
<td>$15.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

To order, call 1-317-842-0880 or 1-800-955-8335.
INDEX

Acton, H. B. .......................................................... 33
Acton, Lord ......................................................... 23
Adair, Douglass ................................................. 9, 13
Adam Smith: The Man and His Works .................... 33
Adams, John ......................................................... 9
Alchian, Armen A. ................................................ 33
Althusius, Johannes ........................................... 42
American Commonwealth, The .................................. 14
American Democrat, The ........................................ 49
American Political Writing During the Founding Era: 1760–1805 ......................................................... 13
American Republic: Primary Sources, The ...................... 8
Ames, Fisher ......................................................... 14
Ames, Seth ......................................................... 14
Anderson, Benjamin M ........................................... 33
Arator ........................................................................ 43
Areopagitica and Other Political Writings of John Milton ................................................................. 43
Babibit, Irving ......................................................... 46
Barzun, Jacques ..................................................... 34
Bell, Hilaire ........................................................... 47
Bell, Herman .......................................................... 11
Berger, Raoul .......................................................... 7
Between the Two World Wars, etc. ................................. 30
Bongie, Laurence L .................................................. 41
Bryce, James .......................................................... 14
Buchanan, James M ................................................. 31
Burleigh, Jacob ....................................................... 18, 19
Burke, Edmund ....................................................... 20, 51
Burke, Richard ......................................................... 51
Cambrian, John C .................................................... 20
Can Capitalism Survive? ............................................ 51
Carey, George W. .................................................... 9, 13
Carmichael, Gershom .............................................. 4
Case’s Letters .......................................................... 43
Chamberlain, John ................................................... 51
Characteristics of Men, Manners, Opinions, Times .......... 42
Chodorov, Frank .................................................... 51
Coke, Sir Edward ..................................................... 5
Colbourn, Trevor ..................................................... 14
Collected Works of James M. Buchanan, The ................. 31
Colonial Origins of the American Constitution ............... 12
Constitutionalism and the Separation of Powers .......... 7
Cooper, James Fenimore .......................................... 49
Correspondence of Adam Smith .................................. 29
Counter-Revolution of Science, The ............................. 32
Crisis of the Seventeenth Century, The ....................... 22
Croce, Benedetto .................................................... 21
Culverwell, Nathaniel .............................................. 4
David Hume: Prophet of the Counter-revolution .......... 41
Democracy and Leadership ......................................... 46
Democracy and Liberty ............................................ 50
Democratich Editorials ............................................ 51
Dicey, A. V. ........................................................... 7
Dickinson, John ...................................................... 12
Discourses Concerning Government ......................... 43
Divine Feudal Law, The: Or, Covenants with Mankind, Represented .................................................. 3
E Pluribus Unum ....................................................... 12
Economic Calculation in the Socialist Society ............... 51
Economic Forces at Work ........................................ 33
Economics and the Public Welfare .............................. 33
Education and the Industrial Revolution .................. 34
Education and the State ........................................... 34
Education in a Free Society ..................................... 51
Elegant and Learned Discourse of the Light of Nature, An ......................................................... 4
Empire and Nation ................................................ 12
Envy ................................................................. 47
Essay on the Life of the Honourable Major-General Israel Putnam, An ................................................ 11
Essay on the Nature and Conduct of the Passions and Affections, with Illustrations on the Moral Sense, An ......................................................... 2
Essays in Religion, Politics, and Morality ..................... 23
Essays in the History of Liberty .................................. 23
Essays in the Study and Writing of History .................. 23
Essays, Moral, Political, and Literary .......................... 41
Essays on Individuality ............................................ 51
Essays on Philosophical Subjects ................................ 28
Ethics of Redistribution, The ................................ 44
Evolution of Civilizations, The ................................ 19
Fable of the Bees, The ........................................... 43
Fame and the Founding Fathers ................................ 13
Federalist, The ..................................................... 9
Fluttering Veil, The ................................................ 51
Founders’ Constitution, The .................................... 10
Freedom and Federalism ......................................... 51
Freedom and Reform .............................................. 32
Freedom and the Law ............................................. 7
French Revolution, The ........................................... 17
Friedman, Milton .................................................... 47
Friends of the Constitution ....................................... 33
Frohnen, Bruce ..................................................... 8
Fugitive Essays ..................................................... 51
Further Reflections on the Revolution in France ............ 20
George Washington: A Collection ................................ 16
Glasgow Edition of the Works and Correspondence of Adam Smith, The ......................................................... 28, 29
Gordon, Thomas ..................................................... 43
Government by Judiciary ........................................ 7
Guizot, Francois ..................................................... 18
Haakonssen, Knud, general editor .............................. 2, 27
Hamilton, Alexander ............................................. 9
Hayek, F. A. ......................................................... 32
Hayne, Robert ....................................................... 11
Herbert, Auberon ................................................... 51
Historical Sketch of Liberty and Equality, A ................. 21
History as the Story of Liberty .................................... 21
History of England, The .......................................... 23
History of the American Revolution .......................... 16
History of the Origins of Representative Government in Europe ......................................................... 18
History of the Rise, etc., of the American Revolution ........ 16
Hobbes on Civil Association ...................................... 37
Hoff, Trygve J. B. ................................................... 51
Hogue, Arthur R. ..................................................... 6
Humboldt, Wilhelm von .......................................... 50
Hume, David ......................................................... 23
Humphreys, David .................................................. 11
Hutcheson, Francis ................................................ 2
Hutt, W. H. ........................................................... 32
Hyneman, Charles S., editor ...................................... 13
Ideal Element in Law, The ...................................... 5
In Defense of Freedom ........................................... 46
In Defense of the Constitution ................................... 13
In Defense of Tradition ........................................... 40
Index to the Works of Adam Smith ............................................ 16
Jay, John ................................................................. 9
John Randolph of Roanoke ....................................... 48
Johnson, Samuel ..................................................... 42
Jouvein, Bertrand de ............................................... 39, 44
Judgments on History and Historians ......................... 19
Justice and Its Surroundings ..................................... 1
Keynesian Episode, The: A Reassessment ................. 32
Kirk, Russell .......................................................... 48
Knight, Frank H. ..................................................... 32
Knollenberg, Bernhard ............................................ 15
Kurland, Philip B., editor ........................................ 10
Lamp of Experience, The ....................................... 14
Law of the Constitution, The ................................... 7
Lecky, William Edward Hartpole ................................ 50
Lectures on Jurisprudence ......................................... 29
Lectures on Rhetoric and Belles Lettres .......................... 29
Announcing…

The first volumes in Liberty Fund’s landmark Natural Law and Enlightenment Classics Series.

Knud Haakonssen, General Editor

Don’t Miss Our New and Improved Web Site: www.libertyfund.org
5 Easy Ways to Order

1. Call 1-800-955-8335 or 1-317-842-0880
2. Fax your order to: 1-317-579-6060
3. E-mail your order to: books@libertyfund.org
4. Visit our Web site for secure online ordering: www.libertyfund.org
5. Mail your order to:
   Liberty Fund, Inc.
   Attn: Customer Service Dept.
   8335 Allison Pointe Trail, #300
   Indianapolis, IN 46250-1684

☐ Payment Enclosed (Liberty Fund pays shipping on all prepaid orders.)

Method of Payment
Individual orders must prepay. Shipping and handling is free with prepaid orders.

☐ Check/Money Order
U.S. check made payable to Liberty Fund, Inc. or international money order in U.S. currency drawn on a U.S. bank.

☐ Credit Card
☐ American Express ☐ Visa ☐ Mastercard ☐ Discover

Credit Card Account Number__________________________________________ Expiration Date__________________________
Signature__________________________________________________ Daytime Phone Number__________________________

☐ Bill Me. (Institutions only)
Purchase Order #____________________________________ Authorizing Signature____________________________________

SHIPPING CHARGES WILL BE ADDED TO YOUR INVOICE AT COST.

Payment Information
To order by mail, complete form and return entire form and payment in envelope to the address above.
Ordered by:
Name______________________________________________
Address______________________________________________
City__________________________________________________
State_________________________ ZIP____________________
Telephone______________________________________________
E-mail Address (optional)________________________________

Ship To Address (If Different from Left)
Name______________________________________________
Address______________________________________________
City__________________________________________________
State_________________________ ZIP____________________
Telephone______________________________________________

To help us keep our mailing list up to date, please indicate changes above. Thank You!
Please allow 3-4 weeks for delivery.

Our mailing list is used solely for the convenience of our customers, and is not rented or given to any other organizations.

Liberty Fund books are also available through major wholesalers and bookstores.

Prices listed in this catalog are U.S. list, effective June 1, 2001, and are subject to change without notice.

Returns Policy

Defective, damaged, or otherwise unsalable books, incorrect shipments, and mistaken orders must be returned within 30 days.

Publisher’s permission is required to return books that meet the above terms and conditions. To obtain permission, please contact our Customer Service Department at:

Liberty Fund, Inc.  Local phone: 1-317-579-6048 Ext. 6069
Attn: Customer Service Dept.  Fax: 1-317-579-6060
8335 Allison Pointe Trail, #300  E-mail: books@libertyfund.org
Indianapolis, IN 46250-1684

Send all returns to:
Total Response, Inc.
5804 Churchman By-Pass
Indianapolis, IN 46203

THE LIBRARY OF ECONOMICS AND LIBERTY

Your Online Reference for Classic and Current Economic Research (www.econlib.org)

- Authoritative and searchable editions of more than 50 classics of economic thought and related disciplines
- An online Concise Encyclopedia of Economics which contains 150 entries on key economic concepts and biographies of leading economists
- Articles by academic economists and Teacher's Corner where current economic issues are discussed in a format easily usable in the classroom
- Regular articles by academic economists on current economic issues
- Powerful search engine which allows the user to search for author, title, or keyword in either individual books or across the entire collection; and creates a citation in multiple formats (MLA, APA, Turabian)
- Other useful features such as biographies, annotated bibliographies, recommended links to other economics websites, reviews, reading lists, and more

Bookmark The Library of Economics and Liberty at www.econlib.org today!
Books are listed alphabetically by title and new titles appear in bold face.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pg#</th>
<th>Author</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>HC</th>
<th>ISBN</th>
<th>Unit Price</th>
<th>Qty</th>
<th>PB</th>
<th>ISBN</th>
<th>Unit Price</th>
<th>Qty</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>29</td>
<td>Smith</td>
<td>Glasgow Edition: Adam Smith, The In Seven Volumes</td>
<td>HC</td>
<td>0-86597-059-9</td>
<td>$25.00</td>
<td></td>
<td>PB</td>
<td>0-86597-060-2</td>
<td>$12.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28-29</td>
<td>Smith</td>
<td>Lectures on Jurisprudence</td>
<td>PB</td>
<td>0-86597-011-4</td>
<td>$12.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Carey</td>
<td>In Defense of the Constitution</td>
<td>HC</td>
<td>0-86597-037-4</td>
<td>$15.00</td>
<td></td>
<td>PB</td>
<td>0-86597-038-1</td>
<td>$12.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>Acton</td>
<td>Lectures on the French Revolution</td>
<td>HC</td>
<td>0-86597-026-X</td>
<td>$21.00</td>
<td></td>
<td>PB</td>
<td>0-86597-027-8</td>
<td>$12.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>53</td>
<td>Hume</td>
<td>History of England, The: From the reign of Henry III through the death of Richard Ill in 1485, Volume I</td>
<td>HC</td>
<td>0-86597-026-2</td>
<td>$20.00</td>
<td></td>
<td>PB</td>
<td>0-86597-027-0</td>
<td>$10.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>37</td>
<td>Gailotti</td>
<td>The History of the Origins of Representative Government in Europe, The</td>
<td>HC</td>
<td>0-86597-124-2</td>
<td>$24.00</td>
<td></td>
<td>PB</td>
<td>0-86597-125-0</td>
<td>$12.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>36</td>
<td>Warren</td>
<td>History of the Rise, Progress, and Termination of the American Revolution In Two Volumes</td>
<td>HC</td>
<td>0-86597-066-1</td>
<td>$30.00</td>
<td></td>
<td>PB</td>
<td>0-86597-067-6</td>
<td>$20.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>35</td>
<td>Oakeshott</td>
<td>On the Political Ideas of Adam Smith</td>
<td>HC</td>
<td>0-86597-251-6</td>
<td>$20.00</td>
<td></td>
<td>PB</td>
<td>0-86597-252-4</td>
<td>$12.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>Maitland</td>
<td>Historical Sketch of Liberty and Equality, A</td>
<td>HC</td>
<td>0-86597-292-3</td>
<td>$16.00</td>
<td></td>
<td>PB</td>
<td>0-86597-293-1</td>
<td>$10.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>Buchanan</td>
<td>Indexes, Volume 20</td>
<td>HC</td>
<td>0-86597-251-6</td>
<td>$20.00</td>
<td></td>
<td>PB</td>
<td>0-86597-253-4</td>
<td>$12.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>Guizot</td>
<td>History of the Origins of Representative Government in Europe, The</td>
<td>HC</td>
<td>0-86597-124-2</td>
<td>$24.00</td>
<td></td>
<td>PB</td>
<td>0-86597-125-0</td>
<td>$12.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>Acton</td>
<td>Lectures on the French Revolution</td>
<td>HC</td>
<td>0-86597-280-X</td>
<td>$21.00</td>
<td></td>
<td>PB</td>
<td>0-86597-281-8</td>
<td>$12.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>Washington</td>
<td>George Washington, The: A Collection</td>
<td>HC</td>
<td>0-86597-143-9</td>
<td>$22.00</td>
<td></td>
<td>PB</td>
<td>0-86597-144-7</td>
<td>$12.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>Johnson</td>
<td>History and the Political Ideas of Adam Smith</td>
<td>HC</td>
<td>0-86597-019-X</td>
<td>$100.00</td>
<td></td>
<td>PB</td>
<td>0-86597-020-3</td>
<td>$50.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>Hume</td>
<td>History of England, The: From the reign of Henry VI through the turbulent period following the death of Henry VIII, Volume 3</td>
<td>HC</td>
<td>0-86597-028-9</td>
<td>$20.00</td>
<td></td>
<td>PB</td>
<td>0-86597-029-7</td>
<td>$10.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Carey</td>
<td>In Defense of the Constitution</td>
<td>HC</td>
<td>0-86597-337-4</td>
<td>$15.00</td>
<td></td>
<td>PB</td>
<td>0-86597-338-1</td>
<td>$12.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Hume</td>
<td>History of England, The: From Henry VII through the turbulent period following the death of Henry VIII, Volume 3</td>
<td>HC</td>
<td>0-86597-028-9</td>
<td>$20.00</td>
<td></td>
<td>PB</td>
<td>0-86597-029-7</td>
<td>$10.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Althusius</td>
<td>The Political Writings</td>
<td>HC</td>
<td>0-86597-036-5</td>
<td>$10.00</td>
<td></td>
<td>PB</td>
<td>0-86597-036-5</td>
<td>$41.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Althusius</td>
<td>The Political Writings</td>
<td>HC</td>
<td>0-86597-036-5</td>
<td>$10.00</td>
<td></td>
<td>PB</td>
<td>0-86597-036-5</td>
<td>$41.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Althusius</td>
<td>The Political Writings</td>
<td>HC</td>
<td>0-86597-036-5</td>
<td>$10.00</td>
<td></td>
<td>PB</td>
<td>0-86597-036-5</td>
<td>$41.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Acton</td>
<td>Lectures on the French Revolution</td>
<td>HC</td>
<td>0-86597-280-X</td>
<td>$21.00</td>
<td></td>
<td>PB</td>
<td>0-86597-281-8</td>
<td>$12.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Berger</td>
<td>Government by Judiciary</td>
<td>HC</td>
<td>0-86597-143-9</td>
<td>$22.00</td>
<td></td>
<td>PB</td>
<td>0-86597-144-7</td>
<td>$12.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Hume</td>
<td>History of England, The: From the reign of Henry III through the death of Richard Ill in 1485, Volume I</td>
<td>HC</td>
<td>0-86597-026-2</td>
<td>$20.00</td>
<td></td>
<td>PB</td>
<td>0-86597-027-0</td>
<td>$10.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Pound</td>
<td>Ideal Element in Law, The</td>
<td>HC</td>
<td>0-86597-325-3</td>
<td>$24.00</td>
<td></td>
<td>PB</td>
<td>0-86597-326-1</td>
<td>$12.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Acton</td>
<td>Lectures on the French Revolution</td>
<td>HC</td>
<td>0-86597-280-X</td>
<td>$21.00</td>
<td></td>
<td>PB</td>
<td>0-86597-281-8</td>
<td>$12.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Buchanan</td>
<td>Indexes, Volume 20</td>
<td>HC</td>
<td>0-86597-251-6</td>
<td>$20.00</td>
<td></td>
<td>PB</td>
<td>0-86597-253-4</td>
<td>$12.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Althusius</td>
<td>The Political Writings</td>
<td>HC</td>
<td>0-86597-036-5</td>
<td>$10.00</td>
<td></td>
<td>PB</td>
<td>0-86597-036-5</td>
<td>$41.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Althusius</td>
<td>The Political Writings</td>
<td>HC</td>
<td>0-86597-036-5</td>
<td>$10.00</td>
<td></td>
<td>PB</td>
<td>0-86597-036-5</td>
<td>$41.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Althusius</td>
<td>The Political Writings</td>
<td>HC</td>
<td>0-86597-036-5</td>
<td>$10.00</td>
<td></td>
<td>PB</td>
<td>0-86597-036-5</td>
<td>$41.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pg#</td>
<td>Author</td>
<td>Title</td>
<td>HC ISBN</td>
<td>HC Unit Price</td>
<td>HC Price</td>
<td>PB ISBN</td>
<td>PB Unit Price</td>
<td>PB Price</td>
<td>Total</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----</td>
<td>--------</td>
<td>-------</td>
<td>---------</td>
<td>--------------</td>
<td>----------</td>
<td>---------</td>
<td>--------------</td>
<td>----------</td>
<td>--------</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>Burke</td>
<td>Select Works of Edmund Burke: Thoughts on the Cause of the Present Discontents</td>
<td>0-86597-162-5</td>
<td>$22.00</td>
<td>$22.00</td>
<td>0-86597-163-3</td>
<td>$12.00</td>
<td>$12.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31</td>
<td>Ames</td>
<td>Works of Fisher Ames: As Published by Seth Ames: In Two Volumes</td>
<td>0-86597-013-0</td>
<td>$30.00</td>
<td>$30.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31</td>
<td>Buchanan</td>
<td>Politics as Public Choice Volume 13</td>
<td>0-86597-237-0</td>
<td>$20.00</td>
<td>$20.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31</td>
<td>Buchanan</td>
<td>Politics by Principle, Not Interest, Volume 11</td>
<td>0-86597-233-3</td>
<td>$20.00</td>
<td>$20.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50</td>
<td>Maine</td>
<td>Popular Government</td>
<td>0-86597-14-2</td>
<td>$15.00</td>
<td>$15.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>51</td>
<td>Buchanan</td>
<td>Power to Tax, The Volume 9</td>
<td>0-86597-229-X</td>
<td>$20.00</td>
<td>$20.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>49</td>
<td>Spencer</td>
<td>Principles of Ethics, The In Two Volumes</td>
<td>0-86597-33-9</td>
<td>$25.00</td>
<td>$25.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>35</td>
<td>Paley</td>
<td>Principles of Moral and Political Philosophy, The</td>
<td>0-86597-380-6</td>
<td>$20.00</td>
<td>$20.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31</td>
<td>Buchanan</td>
<td>Public Finance in the Democratic Process, Volume 4</td>
<td>0-86597-219-2</td>
<td>$20.00</td>
<td>$20.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31</td>
<td>Buchanan</td>
<td>Public Principles of Public Debt, Volume 2</td>
<td>0-86597-215-X</td>
<td>$20.00</td>
<td>$20.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>39</td>
<td>Jouvenel</td>
<td>Pure Theory of Politics, The</td>
<td>0-86597-264-8</td>
<td>$20.00</td>
<td>$20.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>48</td>
<td>Letwin</td>
<td>Pursuit of Certainty, The David Hume, Jeremy Bentham, John Stuart Mill, Beatrice Webb</td>
<td>0-86597-194-3</td>
<td>$20.00</td>
<td>$20.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>51</td>
<td>Smith, Vera</td>
<td>Rationale of Central Banking, The</td>
<td>0-86597-086-6</td>
<td>$16.00</td>
<td>$16.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>37</td>
<td>Oakeshott</td>
<td>Rationalism in Politics and Other Essays</td>
<td>0-86597-094-7</td>
<td>$21.00</td>
<td>$21.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31</td>
<td>Buchanan</td>
<td>Reason of Rules, The Volume 10</td>
<td>0-86597-231-1</td>
<td>$20.00</td>
<td>$20.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>Burkhart</td>
<td>Reflections on History</td>
<td>0-86597-37-1</td>
<td>$20.00</td>
<td>$20.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Adams</td>
<td>Revolutionary Writings of John Adams, The</td>
<td>0-86597-284-2</td>
<td>$21.00</td>
<td>$21.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>51</td>
<td>Herbert</td>
<td>Right and Wrong of Compulsion by the State, and Other Essays, The</td>
<td>0-86597-41-1-X</td>
<td>$18.00</td>
<td>$18.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>51</td>
<td>Chamberlain</td>
<td>Roots of Capitalism, The</td>
<td>0-86597-23-1-X</td>
<td>$15.00</td>
<td>$15.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>Burke</td>
<td>Select Works of Edmund Burke: 3-Volume Set</td>
<td>0-86597-252-2</td>
<td>$60.00</td>
<td>$60.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>Burke</td>
<td>Select Works of Edmund Burke: Letters on a Ricardian Peace, Volume 3</td>
<td>0-86597-166-8</td>
<td>$22.00</td>
<td>$22.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>Burke</td>
<td>Select Works of Edmund Burke: Reflections on the Revolution in France, Volume 2</td>
<td>0-86597-164-1</td>
<td>$22.00</td>
<td>$22.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>Burke</td>
<td>Select Works of Edmund Burke: Thoughts on the Cause of the Present Discontents and The Two Speeches on America, Volume 1</td>
<td>0-86597-162-5</td>
<td>$22.00</td>
<td>$22.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23</td>
<td>Acton</td>
<td>Selected Writings of Lord Acton: 3-Volume Set</td>
<td>0-86597-329-6</td>
<td>$65.00</td>
<td>$65.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Coke</td>
<td>Selected Writings of Sir Edward Coke, The: In Two Volumes</td>
<td>0-86597-315-6</td>
<td>$32.00</td>
<td>$32.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>47</td>
<td>Belloc</td>
<td>Servile State, The</td>
<td>0-86597-235-9</td>
<td>$20.00</td>
<td>$20.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30</td>
<td>Mises</td>
<td>Socialism</td>
<td>0-86597-66-2-2</td>
<td>$25.00</td>
<td>$25.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>46</td>
<td>Wheeler</td>
<td>Southern Essays of Richard M. Weaver, The</td>
<td>0-86597-057-2</td>
<td>$16.00</td>
<td>$16.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>44</td>
<td>Jouvenel</td>
<td>Sovereignty: An Inquiry into the Political Good</td>
<td>0-86597-172-2</td>
<td>$23.00</td>
<td>$23.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Schutz &amp; Adair</td>
<td>Spur of Fame, The Dialogues of John Adams and Benjamin Rush, 1805-1813</td>
<td>0-86597-286-9</td>
<td>$18.00</td>
<td>$18.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>45</td>
<td>Jassy</td>
<td>State, The</td>
<td>0-86597-170-6</td>
<td>$20.00</td>
<td>$20.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>51</td>
<td>Nock</td>
<td>State of the Union, The Essays in Social Criticism</td>
<td>0-86597-092-0</td>
<td>$20.00</td>
<td>$20.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Zane</td>
<td>Story of Law, The Expanded Second Edition</td>
<td>0-86597-190-0</td>
<td>$25.00</td>
<td>$25.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>Malcolm</td>
<td>Struggle for Sovereignty, The Seventeenth-Century English Political Tracts: In Two Volumes</td>
<td>0-86597-187-0</td>
<td>$40.00</td>
<td>$40.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>34</td>
<td>Barzun</td>
<td>Teacher in America</td>
<td>0-86597-78-9-9</td>
<td>$20.00</td>
<td>$20.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>39</td>
<td>Pigou</td>
<td>Temporal and Eternal</td>
<td>0-86597-221-0</td>
<td>$16.00</td>
<td>$16.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28</td>
<td>Mises</td>
<td>Theory of Money and Credit, The</td>
<td>0-86597-70-3-0</td>
<td>$20.00</td>
<td>$20.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>38</td>
<td>Naeber</td>
<td>Twilight of Authority</td>
<td>0-86597-21-1-7</td>
<td>$18.00</td>
<td>$18.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>48</td>
<td>Taylor</td>
<td>Tyranny Unmasked</td>
<td>0-86597-104-8</td>
<td>$18.00</td>
<td>$18.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50</td>
<td>Calhoun</td>
<td>Union and Liberty: The Political Philosophy of John C. Calhoun</td>
<td>0-86597-102-1</td>
<td>$25.00</td>
<td>$25.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Tucker</td>
<td>View of the Constitution of the United States With Selected Writings</td>
<td>0-86597-200-1</td>
<td>$20.00</td>
<td>$20.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>51</td>
<td>Buchanan</td>
<td>Vindication of Natural Society, A</td>
<td>0-86597-509-2</td>
<td>$15.00</td>
<td>$15.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>46</td>
<td>Shils</td>
<td>Virtue of Civility, The Selected Essays on Liberalism, Tradition, and Civil Society</td>
<td>0-86597-147-1</td>
<td>$18.00</td>
<td>$18.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>36</td>
<td>Oakeshott</td>
<td>Voice of Liberal Learning, The</td>
<td>0-86597-323-7</td>
<td>$20.00</td>
<td>$20.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28</td>
<td>Smith</td>
<td>Wealth of Nations, The In Two Volumes</td>
<td>0-86597-008-4</td>
<td>$15.00</td>
<td>$15.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Belz</td>
<td>Webster-Hayne Debate on the Nature of the Union, The</td>
<td>0-86597-272-9</td>
<td>$25.00</td>
<td>$25.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>51</td>
<td>Buchanan</td>
<td>What Should Economists Do?</td>
<td>0-86597-66-4-9</td>
<td>$15.00</td>
<td>$15.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Patendorf</td>
<td>Whole Duty of Man According to the Law of Nature, The</td>
<td>0-86597-374-1</td>
<td>$20.00</td>
<td>$20.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>51</td>
<td>Haggarty</td>
<td>Wisdom of Adam Smith, The</td>
<td>0-86597-21-5</td>
<td>$12.00</td>
<td>$12.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>Ames</td>
<td>Works of Fisher Ames: As Published by Seth Ames: In Two Volumes</td>
<td>0-86597-013-0</td>
<td>$30.00</td>
<td>$30.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

To order video or audio tapes from pages 24-26, please list below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Video/Audio Title</th>
<th>Video</th>
<th>Audio</th>
<th>Price</th>
<th>Quantity</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Temporal and Eternal</td>
<td>Guy</td>
<td>0-86597-321-0</td>
<td>$16.00</td>
<td>$16.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Two Speeches on America, Volume 1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Two Speeches on America, Volume 2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Two Speeches on America, Volume 3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Indiana Residents Add 5% Sales Tax

Video/Audio Total From Left $ 

Book Total $ 

TOTAL $